

July 24, 2023

Nishant Taylor Project Manager Summit Earthworks 33171 2nd Avenue Mission, BC V2V 6T8 nishant@summitearthworks.ca

Dear: Nishant Taylor

Re: Vancouver Fraser Port Authority Project Permit No. 16-271-01 Amendment and Extension Summit Earthworks – Derwent Way Soil Transfer and Barge Facility

On behalf of the Vancouver Fraser Port Authority, I am pleased to advise that the project permit for the abovenoted work has been amended and extended. The port authority understands that construction works for this project will continue until January 2025, and outstanding activities include construction of a water line, on-site paving, miscellaneous utilities, and completion of onsite buildings.

The port authority has undertaken and completed a review of the requested extension in accordance with the *Canada Marine Act*, section 5 of the Port Authorities Operations Regulations, and section 82 of the *Impact Assessment Act*. To meet the requirements of the *Impact Assessment Act*, the port authority posted a description of the requested extension and notice of public participation to the Canadian Impact Assessment Registry and considered the factors set out in section 84. We concluded that the requested permit extension is not likely to cause significant adverse environmental effects.

The installation of a water line from Salter Street along the shared access road to service an on-site fire hydrant is an additional item of project scope. Additional conditions to allow this work to proceed are as follows:

- 1. Enter into a Licence Agreement with the Vancouver Fraser Port Authority for the area required to install and maintain this line;
- 2. Submit any previously created geo-technical document for Salter Street or the adjoining access road that indicates depth of fill, which can demonstrate that the likelihood of impacting archaeological deposits is low. Alternatively, submit a plan for archaeological monitoring during excavation works;
- 3. Post site signage that clearly identifies the municipal address and is visible to fire trucks and ambulances from Salter Street;
- 4. Provide a site plan and the site-specific fire safety plan with New Westminster Fire Rescue Services (NWFRS) by email to the NWFRS Fire Prevention Office at fire-fpo@newwestcity.ca.

This permit is now valid until January 31, 2025. Failure to complete the works by this date may result in the need to apply for a new project permit. This extension applies equally to all Building Permits issued to date under 16-271 – these are all now also valid until January 31, 2025. The Permit Holder is responsible for carrying out the works according to the subject conditions contained in the permit and any other permit amendments.

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Please ensure that those involved in undertaking the approved works are aware of these conditions and that a copy of the Permit is maintained on site during the project. Please submit all documents required to satisfy the conditions listed in the Project Permit to per@portvancouver.com. This amendment has been assigned Amendment PER No. 16-271-01. Please quote this reference number in all future correspondence.

Thank you for your cooperation throughout our review. Should you have any questions regarding this approval, please contact Tim Blair at 778.835.1833 or tim.blair@portvancouver.com.

Yours truly,

ORIGINAL COPY SIGNED

Andrea MacLeod, Director, Project and Environmental Review Vancouver Fraser Port Authority

cc Tim Blair, Project Lead, Project and Environmental Review, Vancouver Fraser Port Authority Dhanashri Jindel, Engineering Project Records Specialist, Vancouver Fraser Port Authority Naomi Horsford, Manager, Municipal and Stakeholder Relations

encl Project Permit No. 16-271 2022-12-08 Civil Plan and Profile – Watermain



VANCOUVER FRASER PORT AUTHORITY PROJECT AND ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW PROJECT PERMIT

Vancouver Fraser Port Authority

PER No.:	16-271
Tenant:	Summit Earthworks Inc.
Project:	Derwent Way Soil Transfer and Barge Facility
Project Location:	Lot located to the east of Derwent Way and south of Salter Street, New Westminster
VFPA SID No.:	NEW326
Land Use Designation:	Industrial
Permit Holder(s):	Summit Earthworks Inc.
Category of Review:	С
Date of Approval:	April 28, 2021
Date of Expiry:	April 30, 2023

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

For the purposes of this project permit, (the Permit), the project is understood to include the following works on Vancouver Fraser Port Authority (the Port Authority) property:

- Site clearing, stripping and grubbing;
- Ground densification, as necessary;
- Excavation below the covered soil storage area to a depth of approximately 1.5m;
- Construction of a lock block perimeter wall around the covered soil storage area measuring 2.25m above grade and 1.5m below grade;
- Construction of a 1,200 square metres lined and covered waste soil storage area designed to prevent infiltration into the underlying subgrade;
- Construction of a 0.3m high containment curb to the south and east of the truck unloading area and around the hopper to contain excess runoff;
- Construction of an ~2.5m noise barrier fence, tree barrier, and soil berm along the western boundary of the site:
- Grading and paving, including construction of an asphalt road and a compacted gravel area;
- Installation of a weigh scale measuring 18m x 3m, and a single-storey scale shack and scale house, each measuring 6m x 2.5m;
- Installation of a 2,500L fuel above-ground storage tank (AST) and concrete pad;
- Installation of a wheel wash station;
- Installation of a runoff water treatment facility and pump station measuring 8m x 3m and two (2)
 19,000L water storage tanks;
- Installation of six (6) LED flood lights;
- Construction of four (4) vehicle parking spaces;
- Installation of a culvert;
- Installation of two (2) underground infiltration system trenches measuring 40m x 3m;
- Installation of storm drains and catch basins;
- Installation of a concrete pad mounted hopper;
- Installation of an ~50m long covered barge loading conveyor and telescopic loading spout;
- Installation of a conveyor truss support comprised of two (2) ~0.3m diameter steel pipe piles each with one (1) ~0.25m diameter steel pile batter.
- Installation of four (4) mooring dolphins each comprised of a vertical ~0.9m diameter concrete filled steel pipe pile and two (2) ~0.6m diameter steel batter piles, mooring horns, and fenders.

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PROJECT AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

The Vancouver Fraser Port Authority (the Port Authority) has undertaken and completed a review of the Project in accordance with the *Canada Marine Act* and Section 5 of the Port Authorities Operations Regulations and, as applicable, Section 67 of the *Canadian Environmental Assessment Act*, 2012.

If at any time the Permit Holder fails to comply with any of the project and environmental conditions set out in the Permit below, or if the Port Authority determines that the Permit Holder has provided any incomplete, incorrect or misleading information in relation to the Project, the Port Authority may, in its sole and absolute discretion, cancel its authorization for the Project or change the project and environmental conditions to which such authorization is subject.

Pursuant to Section 29 of the Port Authorities Operations Regulations, the Port Authority may also cancel its authorization for the Project, or change the project and environmental conditions to which such authorization is subject, if new information is made available to the Port Authority at any time in relation to the potential adverse environmental and other effects of the Project.

The following are the project and environmental conditions that must be followed by the Permit Holder to mitigate potential or foreseeable adverse environmental and other effects.

All the Port Authority Guidelines and Record Drawing Standards referenced in this document can be located at: https://www.portvancouver.com/development-and-permits/project-and-environmental-reviews/technical-guidelines/.

No.	GENERAL CONDITIONS	
1.	The Permit Holder must have a valid lease, licence, or access agreement for the Project site prior to accessing the Project site or commencing construction or any other physical activities on the Project site. This Permit shall in no way limit any of the Permit Holder's obligations, or the Port Authority's rights, under such lease, licence, or access agreement.	
2.	The Permit Holder shall at all times and in all respects, comply with and abide by all applicable statutes, laws, regulations and orders from time to time in force and effect, including all applicable environmental, labour and safety laws and regulations.	
3.	This Permit in no way endorses or warrants the design, engineering, or construction of the Project and no person may rely upon this Permit for any purpose other than the fact that the Port Authority has permitted the construction of the Project, in accordance with the terms and conditions of this Permit.	
4.	The Permit Holder shall indemnify and save harmless the Port Authority in respect of all claims, losses, costs, fines, penalties or other liabilities, including legal fees, arising out of: (a) any bodily injury or death, property damage or any loss or damage arising out of or in any way connected with the Project; and (b) any breach by the Permit Holder of its obligations under this Permit.	
5.	The Permit Holder is responsible for locating all existing site services and utilities including any located underground. The Permit Holder is responsible for repair or replacement of any damage to existing site services and utilities, to the satisfaction of the Port Authority, that result from construction and operation of the Project.	
6.	The Permit Holder shall undertake and deliver the Project to total completion in a professional, timely and diligent manner in accordance with applicable standards and specifications set out in the sections above entitled Project Description and Information Sources, including the attached plans and drawings numbered PER No. 16-271-A to J . The Permit Holder shall not carry out any other physical activities unless expressly authorized by the Port Authority.	

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7.	The Permit Holder shall cooperate fully with the Port Authority in respect of any review by the Port Authority of the Permit Holder's compliance with this Permit, including providing information and documentation in a timely manner, as required by the Port Authority. The Permit Holder is solely responsible for demonstrating the Permit Holder's compliance with this Permit.		
8.	The Permit Holder shall review the Permit with all employees, agents, contractors, licensees and invitees working on the Project site, prior to such parties participating in any construction or other physical activities on the Project site. The Permit Holder shall be solely responsible for ensuring that all such employees, agents, contractors, licensees and invitees comply with this Permit.		
9.	The Permit Holder shall make available upon request by any regulatory au Officer) a copy of this Permit.	thority (such as a Fishery	
10.	Unless otherwise specified, the Permit Holder shall provide all plans, documents, and notices required under this Permit to the following email address: per@portvancouver.com and referencing PER No.16-271.		
11.	Unless otherwise specified, all plans, schedules, and other Project-related documentation that the Permit Holder is required to provide under this Permit must be to the Port Authority's satisfaction.		
12.	The Permit Holder shall prepare and submit a self-report form to the Port Authority demonstrating compliance with conditions at each of the following project phases:		
	 a) Prior to construction Conditions (self-report shall be submitted a minimum of 15 business days prior to the commencement of construction, or any physical activities, to a maximum of 90 business days prior to construction, or any physical activities). b) Construction Conditions (self-report shall be submitted a minimum of 60 business days (or a maximum of 80 business days) after construction has commenced, and every 120 to 140 business days after submission of the initial self-report during construction (i.e. after the first three months of construction, then every six months thereafter). c) Project completion Conditions (self-report shall be submitted within 60 business days of completion of construction). d) Prior to operation Conditions (self-report shall be submitted a minimum of 15 business days prior to the commencement of operations) 		
13.	The Port Authority shall have unfettered access to environmental compliance Project site at all times during construction without notice.	documentation and the	
14.	The Permit Holder must maintain and retain any records associated with, or produced by, actions or activities undertaken to achieve compliance or that indicate non-compliance with project permit conditions. These records must be made available at the request of the Port Authority.		
15.	All conditions in this Permit which expressly or by their nature survive expirati Permit will remain in effect after the expiration or termination of this Permit.	on or termination of this	
	CONDITIONS - PRIOR TO COMMENCING CONSTRUCTION OR ANY PHYSICAL ACTIVITIES SUBMISSION TIMING (Business Day		
16.	For structures and proposed interior changes to structures that are reviewable under the National Building Code and National Fire Code, the Permit Holder shall apply for a Port Authority Building Permit.	40 days before commencing construction or any physical activities	
17.	At least two days prior to commencing any physical in water/barge activities, the Permit Holder shall notify the Harbour Master and the Port Authority Environmental Programs, email: Harbour_Master@portvancouver.com and EnvironmentalPrograms@portvancouver.com.	2 days before commencing in- water/barge activities	

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18.	The Permit Holder shall submit signed and sealed drawings for proposed works approved for construction (including details of the roof structure and barge loading conveyor system) by a professional engineer licensed to practice in the Province of British Columbia.	5 days before commencing construction or any physical activities
19.	The Permit Holder shall submit a draft construction communications plan, construction notification, construction sign, and draft operations communications plan in accordance with the Port Authority's Public Engagement Guidelines, available at: https://www.portvancouver.com/permitting-and-reviews/per/project-and-environment-review-applicant/guidelines/ . The communications plans shall outline how the Permit Holder will	20 days before commencing construction or any physical activities, and 20 days before commencing operations, respectively
	engage and communicate with the public and stakeholders from the date of permit issuance to the completion of construction, and throughout operations, respectively. The plans shall be updated as necessary and upon request by the Port Authority to ensure public and stakeholders are provided with relevant information as it becomes available. The Permit Holder shall carry out each phase of the Project in accordance with the construction communications plans, and any subsequent amendments approved by the Port Authority.	
20.	The Permit Holder shall distribute an approved construction notification to residents and businesses within an area consistent with the Applicant's previous notifications, as specified in the report. The Permit Holder shall notify the Port Authority when such distribution has been completed. The Permit Holder shall also install the approved construction sign in a mutually agreed location and notify the Port Authority of installation.	10 days before commencing construction or any physical activities
21.	The Permit Holder shall submit a construction parking and traffic management plan to the Port Authority's satisfaction. The Permit Holder shall carry out the Project in accordance with the construction parking and traffic management plan, and any subsequent amendments approved by the Port Authority.	20 days before commencing construction or any physical activities
22.	The Permit Holder shall submit an Archaeological Chance Find Procedure for the Project site, to the Port Authority's satisfaction. The Permit Holder shall carry out the Project in accordance with this Procedure, and any subsequent amendments approved by the Port Authority.	30 days before commencing construction or any physical activities
23.	If there is potential to affect birds and/or their active nests and eggs, the Permit Holder shall conduct nest surveys. For any nests identified in surveys, a qualified environmental professional shall confirm that the nest is not occupied by a species protected at that time of year under applicable legislation. To reduce the risk of Project-related harm, the Permit Holder should avoid certain physical activities during the general bird breeding season, which falls between April 1 and July 31, or outside of this time span if occupied nests are present.	Immediately prior to activities with the potential to affect birds and/or their active nests and eggs
24.	The Permit Holder shall submit a marine construction and staging plan to the Port Authority and the Greater Vancouver Water District's satisfaction, which includes: • Staging and construction areas shown on a map, (in relation to Navigation channel) including means of securing to the seabed or mobile with tug; • Dates and hours of operation; • Description of activities taking place;	30 days before commencing construction or any physical activities

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	 Equipment and vessels (dimensions must be included); Method of preferred communication with marine users; Identification of potential navigation related hazards and risk mitigation measures from construction related activities; The location of GVWD's Annacis Main No. 2 at Derwent Way Bridge. 		
	The Permit Holder shall carry out the Project in accordance with the marine construction and staging plan, including any subsequent updates made to the Port Authority's satisfaction.		
25.	Prior to the commencement of any vessel-related activities, the Permit Holder shall contact CCG Marine Communications and Traffic Services (MCTS), (email: MAVWARN.MCTSPrinceRupert@innav.gc.ca Telephone: 250-627-3070) regarding the issuance of a Navigational Warning (NAVWARN) to advise the marine community of potential hazards associated with the Project.	As per Coast Guard requirements	
26.	The Permit Holder shall submit an updated geotechnical report and/or an additional geotechnical memo by a professional engineer licensed to practice in the Province of British Columbia, to the Port Authority's satisfaction, following further geotechnical investigations on site to determine whether ground stabilization is required.	40 days before commencing construction or any physical activities	
27.	The Permit Holder shall submit details, including drawings, of any proposed ground stabilization works, as required, to the Port Authority's satisfaction.	40 days before commencing construction or any physical activities	
28.	The Permit Holder shall submit an updated Construction Environmental Management Plan (CEMP), which includes mitigations in relation to ground stabilization works, as required, to the Port Authority's satisfaction. The Permit Holder shall carry out the Project in accordance with the CEMP, and any subsequent amendments approved by the Port Authority.	20 days before commencing construction or any physical activities	
29.	The Permit Holder shall provide a survey monitoring plan to the satisfaction of the Port Authority. The survey plan shall monitor settlement and vibration in relation to the SRY rail line and adjacent ground surface, and the Annacis Island Swing Bridge. The plan shall provide details of monitoring locations, "caution" and "alarm" values and reporting procedures. The Permit Holder shall carry out monitoring in accordance with the approved survey monitoring plan, and any subsequent amendments approved by the Port Authority.	40 days before commencing construction or any physical activities	
30.	The Permit Holder shall provide a Project schedule to the Port Authority showing the anticipated start dates for all major phases of the Project as identified by the Port Authority. The Permit Holder shall notify the Port Authority of any material changes to the Project schedule and, upon request, shall provide an updated Project schedule.	20 days before commencing construction or any physical activities	
	CONDITIONS - DURING CONSTRUCTION OR ANY PHYSICAL ACTIVITIES		
31.	The Permit Holder shall notify the Port Authority upon commencement of construction, or any physical activities (e.g., mobilization to the Project site).		
32.	All general construction and physical activities related to the Project shall b to Saturday between the hours of 7:00 am and 8:00 pm . No construction take place on Sundays or holidays. These hours shall not be modified with	and physical activities shall	

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	Port Authority. To request permission to conduct activities outside these hours, the Permit Holder must submit a written request no less than 30 business days prior to the desired start date.		
33.	Prior to commencing construction or any physical activities, the Permit Holder shall have in place a spill prevention, containment and clean-up plan for hydrocarbon products (including fuel, oil and hydraulic fluid) and any other deleterious substances. Appropriate spill containment and clean-up supplies shall be available on the Project site at all times and all personnel working on the Project shall be trained on the spill prevention, containment and clean-up plan. The Permit Holder shall carry out the Project in accordance with the spill prevention, containment and clean-up plan.		
34.	The Permit Holder shall notify the Port Authority of any complaints received from the community and stakeholders during construction and throughout operations within 2 business days of being received, and indicate how the Permit Holder has responded to such complaints.		
35.	If the Permit Holder encounters, expects to encounter, or should expect to encounter an actual or potential archaeological resource, the Permit Holder shall: a) Immediately stop any activities that may disturb the archaeological resource or the site in which it is contained (Site); b) Not move or otherwise disturb the archaeological resource or other remains present at the Site; c) Stake or flag the Site to prevent additional disturbances; and, d) Immediately notify the Port Authority by email and phone.		
36.	The Permit Holder may place temporary construction trailers on the Project site while this Permit remains in effect, provided that the Permit Holder does not connect such trailers to any underground utilities without the prior written consent of the Port Authority which may require, at the Port Authority's discretion, a Port Authority Building Permit.		
37.	The Permit Holder shall carry out the Project in accordance with the Construction Environmental Management Plan (CEMP), the Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SPPP), and the Vegetation Plan, provided by the Permit Holder, and any subsequent updates made to the Port Authority's satisfaction.		
38.	Without limiting the generality of permit condition #2, the Permit Holder shall not, directly or indirectly: (a) deposit or permit the deposit of a deleterious substance of any type in water frequented by fish in a manner contrary to Section 36 of the <i>Fisheries Act</i> ; or (b) adversely affect fish or fish habitat in a manner contrary to Section 35 of the <i>Fisheries Act</i> .		
39.	There shall be no in-water works during the fisheries sensitive period from March 1 to June 15, inclusive, unless otherwise approved in writing by DFO or the Port Authority. The Port Authority shal be notified of any DFO exemptions allowing works within the fisheries sensitive period.		
40.	The Permit Holder shall not disturb the riverbed outside the Project site.		
41.	Piles shall be driven with a vibratory or drop hammer. Piles shall not be installed using a diesel or hydraulic hammer or other technology such as drilling without review and authorization by the Port Authority.		
42.	The Permit Holder shall immediately cease work and notify the Port Authority if the Permit Holder has reasonable grounds to believe that the Project has harmed fish or fish habitat, including observation of distressed, injured, or dead fish. The Permit Holder shall not resume work until authorized by the Port Authority.		
43.	The Permit Holder shall cap any exposed hollow pipe piles to prevent wildlife entrapment.		

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44.	Sediments contained within piles after driving shall be left in place. If it is determined that they must be removed for engineering reasons, the Permit Holder shall consult the Port Authority for review and authorization prior to initiating the proposed physical activities	
45.	The Permit Holder shall not permit barges or other vessels used during the project to ground on the foreshore or river/seabed or otherwise disturb the foreshore or river/seabed (including disturbance as a result of vessel propeller wash), excepting only such disturbance as is reasonably required resulting from the use of barge spuds.	
46.	The Permit Holder shall repair and/or remediate any damage or erosion resulting from disturbance to the intertidal zone during the Project.	
47.	The Permit Holder shall use an environmentally clean clamshell bucket. The bucket and any portion of the cables that will be in contact with or near the water shall be cleaned of any residual hydrocarbons or other contaminants prior to the start of works.	
48.	Trees shall be felled by an appropriate professional.	
49.	The Permit Holder shall manage invasive plants in a manner that prevents their spread. Invasive plants and potentially affected materials, such as soil, shall be appropriately contained, collected and disposed of.	
50.	The Permit Holder shall not permit sediment, sediment-laden waters, or other deleterious substances to enter the water during the Project. The Permit Holder shall carry out all physical activities in a manner that prevents induced sedimentation of foreshore and near shore areas and induced turbidity of local waters, and the release of sediment, sediment-laden waters, and turbid waters to the aquatic environment. The Permit Holder shall manage turbidity in compliance with the following water quality criteria: a) When background is less than or equal to 50 nephelometric turbidity units (NTU), induced turbidity shall not exceed 5 NTU above the background values; and b) When background is greater than 50 NTU, induced turbidity shall not exceed the background values by more than 10% of the background value. For the purposes of this condition, "background" means the level at an appropriate adjacent reference site (as determined to the satisfaction of the Port Authority) that is affected neither by physical activities at the Project site, nor sediment-laden or turbid waters resulting from physical activities at the Project site.	
51.	The Permit Holder shall ensure that all equipment is in good mechanical condition and maintained free of fluid leaks, invasive species, and noxious weeds.	
52.	During upland construction activities, the Permit Holder shall not conduct refueling or maintenance activities on non-road equipment within 30 metres of any waterbody, or in an area where run-off may potentially reach surface waterbodies. Fuel and other hydrocarbon inventories shall not be stored in such areas, temporarily or otherwise.	
53.	Without limiting the generality of permit condition #2, if suspect contaminated materials are encountered, the Permit Holder shall contain, test and dispose of such materials at appropriate licensed off-site facilities and maintain records of off-site disposal. The Port Authority shall be notifie of such activities and provided relevant documentation upon completion.	
54.	The Permit Holder shall dispose of any soils excavated from the Project site that are not suitable for backfill at appropriate off-site facilities and maintain records of off-site disposal.	
55.	The Permit Holder shall not dewater excavations unless a dewatering plan has been submitted to the Port Authority's satisfaction.	

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56.	If suspect contaminated materials are encountered, the Permit Holder shall contain, test and dispose of such materials at appropriate licensed off-site facilities and maintain records of off-site disposal. The Port Authority shall be notified of such activities and provided relevant documentation upon completion.		
57.	The Permit Holder shall conduct all work associated with the Project involving the use of concrete, cement, mortars and other Portland cement or lime-containing construction materials so as to ensure that sediments, debris, concrete (cured or uncured), and concrete fines are not deposited into the aquatic environment, either directly or indirectly. Water that has contacted uncured or partly cured concrete or Portland cement or lime-containing construction materials, such as the water that may be used for exposed aggregate wash-off, wet curing, equipment and truck washing, etc. shall not be permitted to enter the aquatic environment. The Permit Holder shall provide containment facilities at the site for the wash-down water from concrete delivery trucks, concrete pumping equipment, and other tools and equipment, as required.		
58.	The Permit Holder shall contain and collect debris and waste material in the immediate working area within the Project site. The Permit Holder shall dispose of waste material at suitable upland locations and maintain records of off-site disposal.		
59.	Without limiting the generality of permit condition #2, storage tank removal, installation and operation shall meet the requirements of the Petroleum Products and Allied Petroleum Products Storage Tank Systems Regulations and the CCME Environmental Code of Practice for Aboveground and Underground Storage Tank Systems Containing Petroleum and Allied Petroleum Products.		
60.	Air emissions from vehicle/equipment exhaust, dust and vapours shall be minimized and managed to avoid effects on and off the Project site. More detailed guidance is available in Best Practices for the Reduction of Air Emissions from Construction and Demolition Activities prepared for Environment Canada (Cheminfo Services Inc. March 2005).		
61.	All non-road diesel equipment in use within Port Authority jurisdiction shall be reported as required under the Non-Road Diesel Equipment Program (https://www.portvancouver.com/environmental-protection-at-the-port-of-vancouver/climate-action-at-the-port-of-vancouver/non-road-diesel-emissions-program/		
62.	During any vessel-related activities, the Permit Holder shall:		
02.	 a) Position vessels and equipment associated with the Project in such a manner so as not to obstruct line of sight to navigational aids or markers; 		
	b) Exhibit the appropriate lights and day shapes at all times;		
	 Monitor the VHF channel used for MCTS communications in the respective area at all times and participate as necessary; 		
	d) Be familiar with vessel movements in areas affected by the Project.		
	 e) Plan and execute the Project in a manner that will not impede navigation or interfere with vessel operations; and, 		
	f) During night hours, unless working 24 hours per day, ensure that the rig and associated equipment is moored outside the navigation channel and lit in accordance with all applicable regulations.		
63.	The Permit Holder, or their contractor, shall engage a qualified environmental professional to monitor the Project in order to ensure that the works are carried out in compliance with this Permit. Monitoring events shall take place as required by the environmental monitor, the Construction Environmental Management Plan, or the Port Authority, provided that monitoring will be full time when works are underway that have the potential to adversely affect fish or fish habitat.		
64.	The Permit Holder shall provide environmental monitoring reports to the Port Authority as specified in the Construction Environmental Management Plan or more frequently if the Port Authority requires. In		

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	CONDITIONS – PRIOR TO OPERATION AND DURING OPERATIONS	SUBMISSION TIMING (Business Days)
65.	The Permit Holder shall provide an Air Emissions Management Plan in accordance with the Port Authority guidelines and to the Port Authority's satisfaction. The plan shall include: a) AEMP objective, scope and management plan duration b) Site emissions assessment	90 days before
	c) Project mitigation measures d) Management of community complaints e) Monitoring, tracking and reporting of performance The Permit Holder shall carry out the Project and site operations in accordance with the approved air emissions management plan, including any subsequent amendments approved by the Port Authority.	commencing operations
66.	The Permit Holder shall provide the Port Authority a summary of stormwater discharge water quality data and any adaptive management implemented at the site for the first year of operations. Sampling shall be conducted in accordance with the submitted Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan.	During Operations
67.	The Permit Holder shall conduct an annual assessment of planted vegetation for three years post planting to ensure the planted vegetation has a survival rate of 90% or greater. The Permit Holder shall submit an annual report to the port authority.	During Operations
68.	The Permit Holder shall prepare a noise monitoring, plan to be submitted prior to monitoring for approval by the Port Authority, to assess the noise levels within the surrounding community and determine the relative contribution from the facility. The monitoring shall capture two week days and a two weekend days, and be conducted in accordance with the Port Authority Environmental Noise Assessment guideline. The Permit Holder shall provide the final report to the Port Authority, and the Port Authority may require additional mitigation measures based on the findings of the report.	Prior to operations or at the direction of the Port Authority
69.	The Permit Holder shall prepare an air emissions sampling plan to be submitted prior to monitoring for approval by the Port Authority, to assess particulate matter concentrations within the surrounding community and determine the relative contribution from the facility. The monitoring shall measure particulate matter at a suitable location(s) and for an appropriate time period as determined in consultation with the Port Authority environmental program staff. The Permit Holder shall provide the final report to the Port Authority, and the Port Authority may require additional mitigations to be included in the Air Emissions Management Plan.	Prior to operations or at of at the direction by the Po Authority
70.	The Permit Holder shall carry out operations in accordance with the approved Site Access Route Pl and Traffic Route Plan Map, and any subsequent amendments approved by the Port Authority.	
71.	The Permit Holder shall ensure that the noise barrier along the western edge of the facility is the appropriate height for the sound absorption wall design, conforms to the British Columbia Ministry of	

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	Transport and Infrastructure Standard Specifications for Highway Construction, is sourced from the Recognized Product List of suppliers, and is kept in a good condition.		
	CONDITIONS - UPON COMPLETION	SUBMISSION TIMING (Business Days)	
72.	The Permit Holder shall notify the Port Authority upon completion of the Project.	Upon substantial completion	
73.	The Permit Holder shall provide record drawings in accordance with the Port Authority's Record Drawing Standards, in both AutoCAD and Adobe (PDF) format to the Port Authority, including a Project site plan that clearly identifies the location of works.	Within 40 days of completion	
74.	The Permit Holder must send record drawings of all newly constructed marine works to the Database Information Office of the Canadian Hydrographic Service (250-363-6360 or chsdatacentre@dfo-mpo.gc.ca) to arrange for the relevant Canadian Hydrographic Service charts to be updated. VFPA's Marine Operations department must be carbon copied into the request (navigation.review@portvancouver.com).	Within 40 days of completion	

The Port Authority reserves the right to rescind or revise these conditions at any time that new information warranting this action is made available to the Port Authority.

LENGTH OF PERMIT VALIDITY

The Project must commence be completed no later than April 30, 2023 (the Expiry Date).

AMENDMENTS

- Details of any material proposed changes to the Project, including days and hours when construction and any physical activities will be conducted, must be submitted to the Port Authority for consideration of an amendment to this Permit.
- For an extension to the Expiry Date, the Permit Holder must apply in writing to the Port Authority no later than 40 days prior to that date.

Failure to apply for an extension as required may, at the sole discretion of the Port Authority, result in termination of this Permit.

PROJECT AND ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW DECISION

Project Permit PER No. 16-271 is approved by:

ORIGINAL COPY SIGNED

April 28, 2021

JENNIFER NATLAND
DIRECTOR, PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT

DATE OF APPROVAL

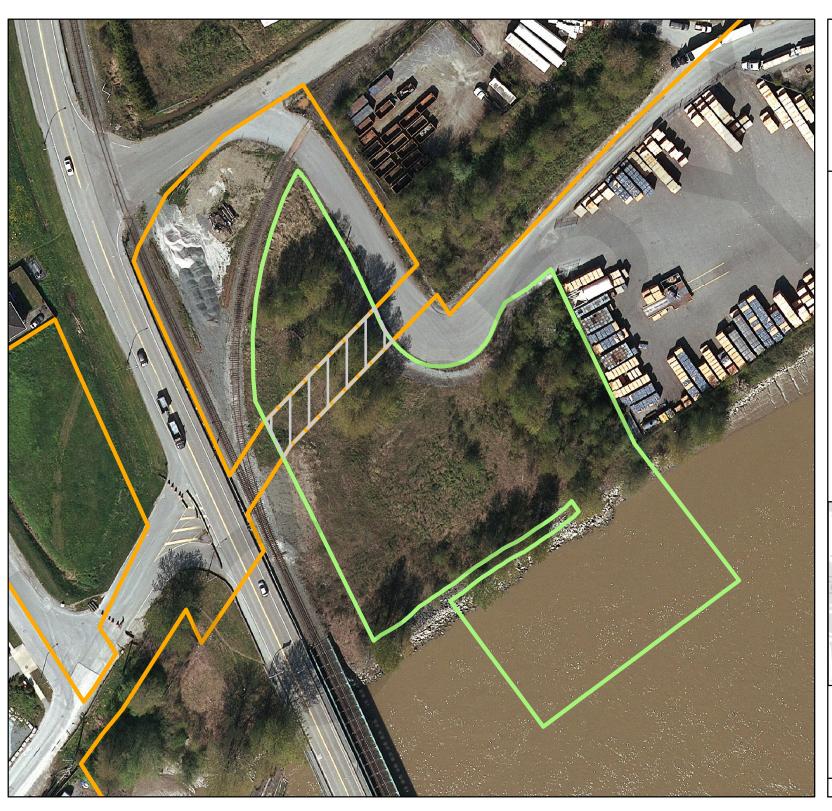
CONTACT INFORMATION

Vancouver Fraser Port Authority (the Port Authority) 100 The Pointe, 999 Canada Place, Vancouver BC V6C 3T4 Canada Project & Environmental Review

Tel.: 604-665-9047 Fax: 1-866-284-4271

Email: PER@portvancouver.com Website: www.portvancouver.com

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<u>PER 16-271 A</u>

Derwent Way Soil Transfer and Barge Facility

PER #16-271

Project Location: 400 Salter St New Westminster, BC



Project Location



Dyke Reserve Overlap



VFPA Boundary

VANCOUVER FRASER PORT AUTHORITY

This drawing has been reviewed by the Vancouver Fraser Port Authority solely for the purpose of VFPA's issuance of a Project Permit. This permit in no way denotes design, engineering or structural approval or endorsement.



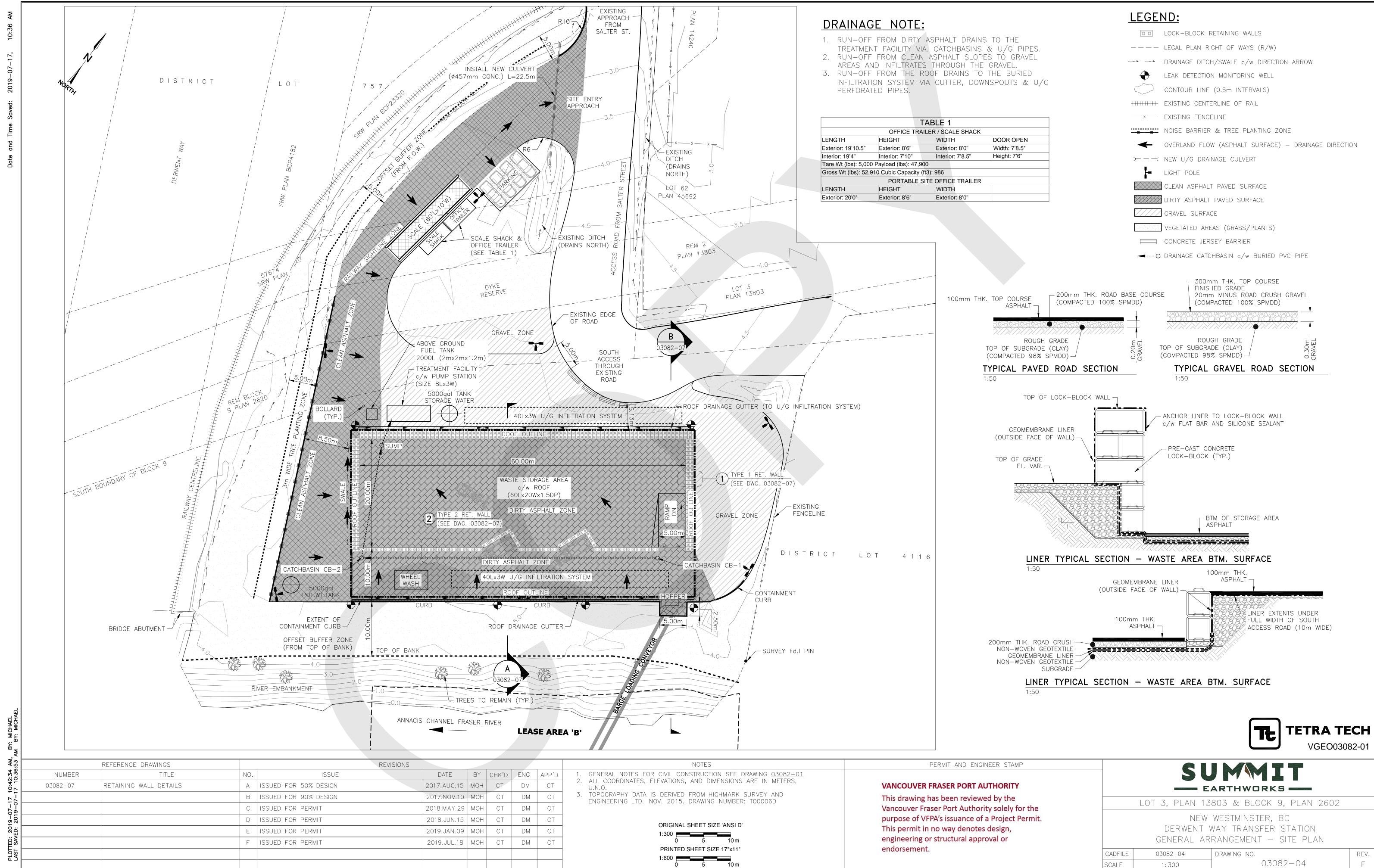
0 5 10 20 30 40 50 ______m





VFPA Spatial Data Group December 15, 2016 PLAN # G2016-143

Any areas marked "proposed" represent approximate locations.





NOTES:

- 1. GENERAL NOTES FOR CIVIL CONSTRUCTION SEE DRAWING <u>03082-01</u> 2. ALL COORDINATES, ELEVATIONS, AND DIMENSIONS ARE IN METERS,

 - 3. TOPOGRAPHY DATA IS DERIVED FROM HIGHMARK SURVEY AND ENGINEERING LTD. OCT. 2015. DRAWING NUMBER: T00006D.
 - 3. BEARINGS ARE GRID AND ARE DERIVED FROM PLAN EPP4663. ELEVATIONS ARE ORTHOMETRIC AND ARE BASED ON ISA MONUMENT

SITE BENCHMARKS AND COORDINATES				
DESCRIPTION ID. NORTHING EASTING				
SITE BENCHMARK #1	T.B.D.	T.B.D.	T.B.D.	
SITE BENCHMARK #2	T.B.D.	T.B.D.	T.B.D.	

LEGEND:

STRIPPING AND GRUBBING BOUNDARY EXTENTS

LIMITS OF STRIPPING AND GRADING AREAS

---- LEGAL PLAN RIGHT OF WAYS (R/W)

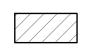
++++++++++++++ EXISTING CENTERLINE OF RAIL

----×--- EXISTING FENCELINE

EXISTING DECIDUOUS TREES ON EMBANKMENT TO REMAIN



EXISTING TREES TO BE REMOVED



EXISTING TREE AREA TO REMAIN (ALONG RIVER EMBANKMENT AND WITHIN 10m OF HIGHWATER MARK)

EXISTING CONTOURS (0.5m INTERVALS)

QUANTITIES TABLE		
DESCRIPTION	2D AREA (m²)	VOLUME (m³)
TOPSOIL STRIPPING AREA #1 (AVERAGE DEPTH OF TOPSOIL = 200mm)	4386	877
TOPSOIL STRIPPING AREA #2 (EXISTING STOCKPILE)	650	800



A ISSUED FOR 50% DESIGN | 2017.AUG.15 | MOH | CT | DM | CT B ISSUED FOR 90% DESIGN 2017.NOV.10 MOH CT DM CT C ISSUED FOR PERMIT 2018.MAY.29 MOH CT DM CT D ISSUED FOR PERMIT 2018.JUN.15 MOH CT DM CT E ISSUED FOR PERMIT | 2018.0CT.05 | MOH | CT | DM | CT F ISSUED FOR PERMIT 2019.JAN.09 MOH CT DM CT G ISSUED FOR PERMIT 2019.JUL.18 MOH CT DM CT

ORIGINAL SHEET SIZE 'ANSI D' 1:300 0 5 10 m PRINTED SHEET SIZE 17"x11"

VANCOUVER FRASER PORT AUTHORITY

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SUMMIT EARTHWORKS

LOT 3, PLAN 13803 & BLOCK 9, PLAN 2602

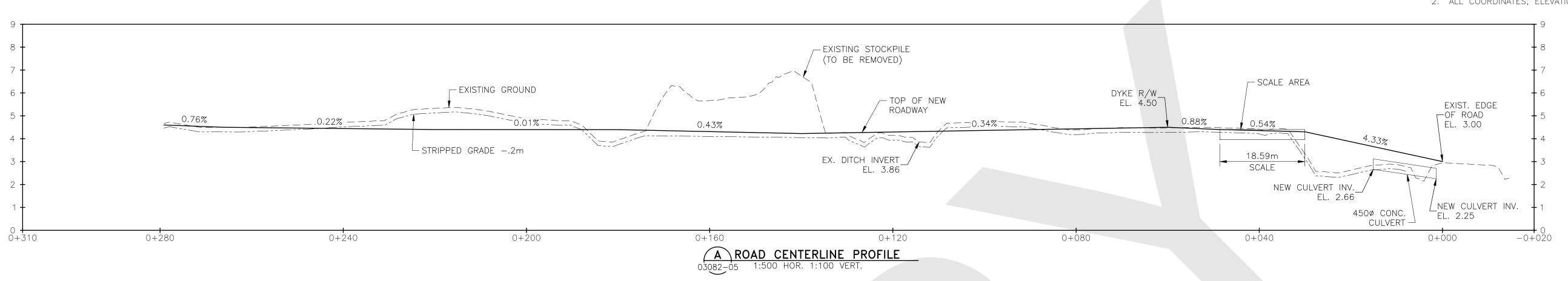
NEW WESTMINSTER, BC DERWENT WAY TRANSFER STATION SITE CLEARING, STRIPPING AND GRUBBING PLAN

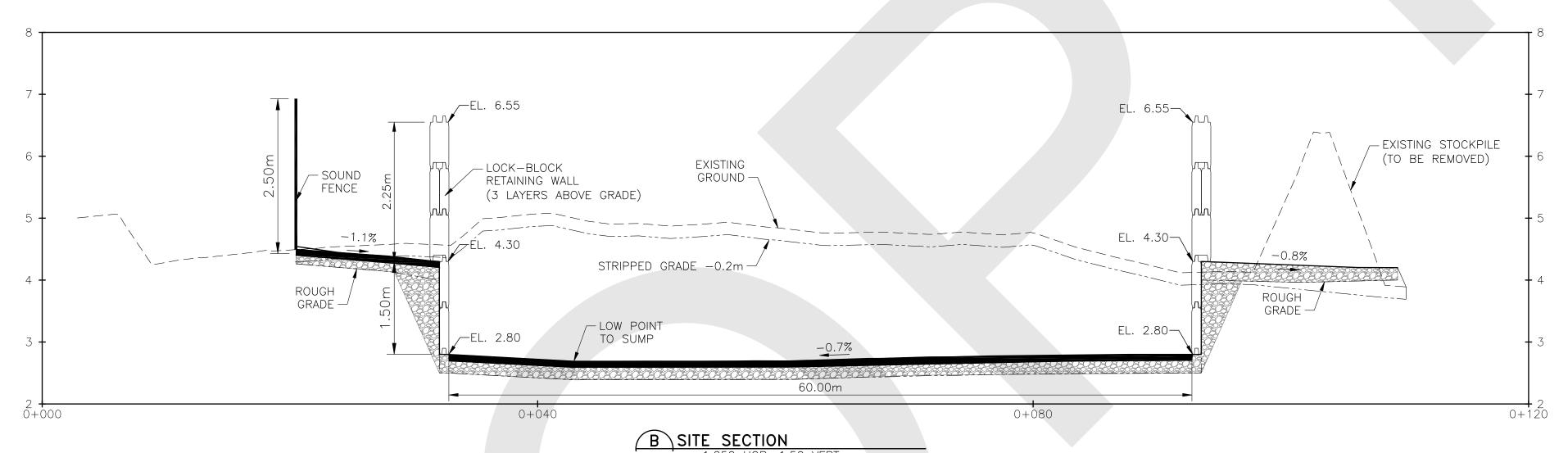
CADFILE 03082-03 SCALE 1: 300

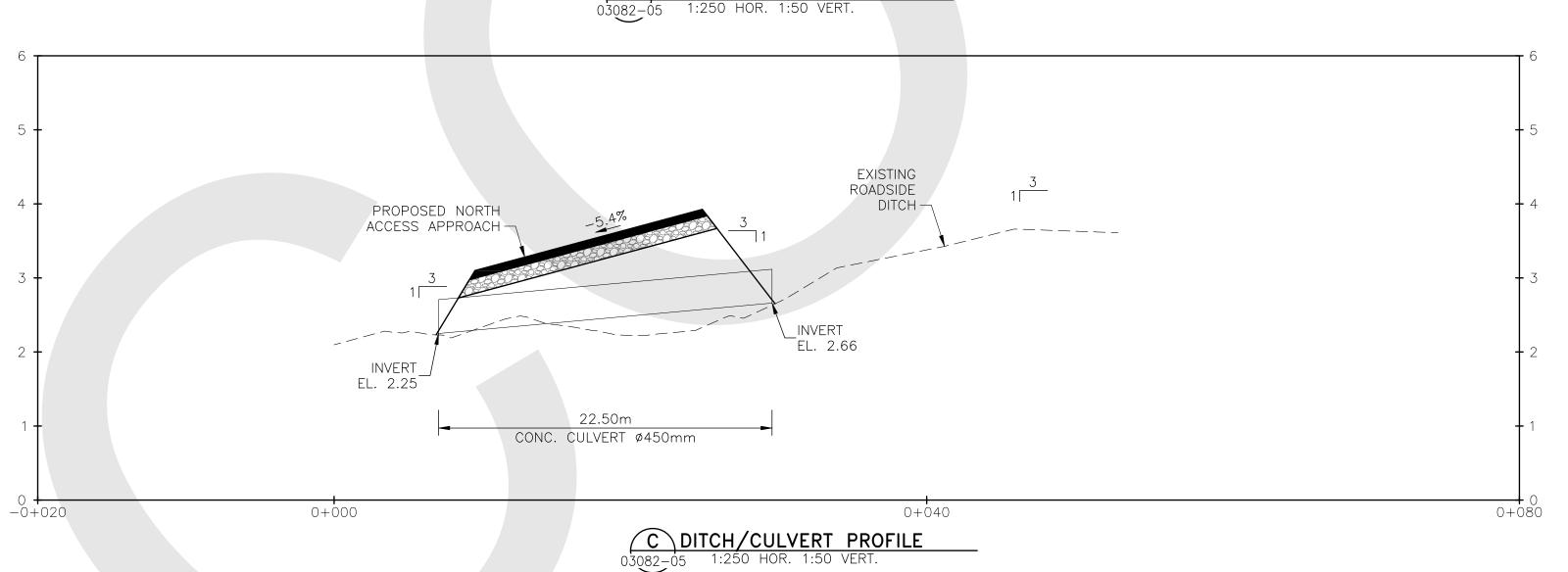
DRAWING NO. 03082-03



1. GENERAL NOTES FOR CIVIL CONSTRUCTION SEE DRAWING <u>03082-01</u> 2. ALL COORDINATES, ELEVATIONS, AND DIMENSIONS ARE IN METERS, U.N.O.







NOTES

TŁ.	TETRA TECH
	VGEO03082-01

REFERENCE DRAWINGS				REVISIONS						
0:19:28	NUMBER	TITLE	NO.	ISSUE	DATE	BY	CHK'D	ENG	APP'D	
7			А	ISSUED FOR 50% DESIGN	2017.AUG.15	МОН	СТ	DM	СТ	
7-1			В	ISSUED FOR 90% DESIGN	2017.NOV.10	МОН	СТ	DM	СТ	
9-0			С	ISSUED FOR PERMIT	2018.MAY.29	МОН	СТ	DM	СТ	
201			D	ISSUED FOR PERMIT	2018.JUN.15	МОН	СТ	DM	СТ	
SAVED:			E	ISSUED FOR PERMIT	2019.JAN.09	МОН	СТ	DM	СТ	
8			F	ISSUED FOR PERMIT	2019.JUL.18	МОН	СТ	DM	СТ	
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VANCOUVER FRASER PORT AUTHORITY

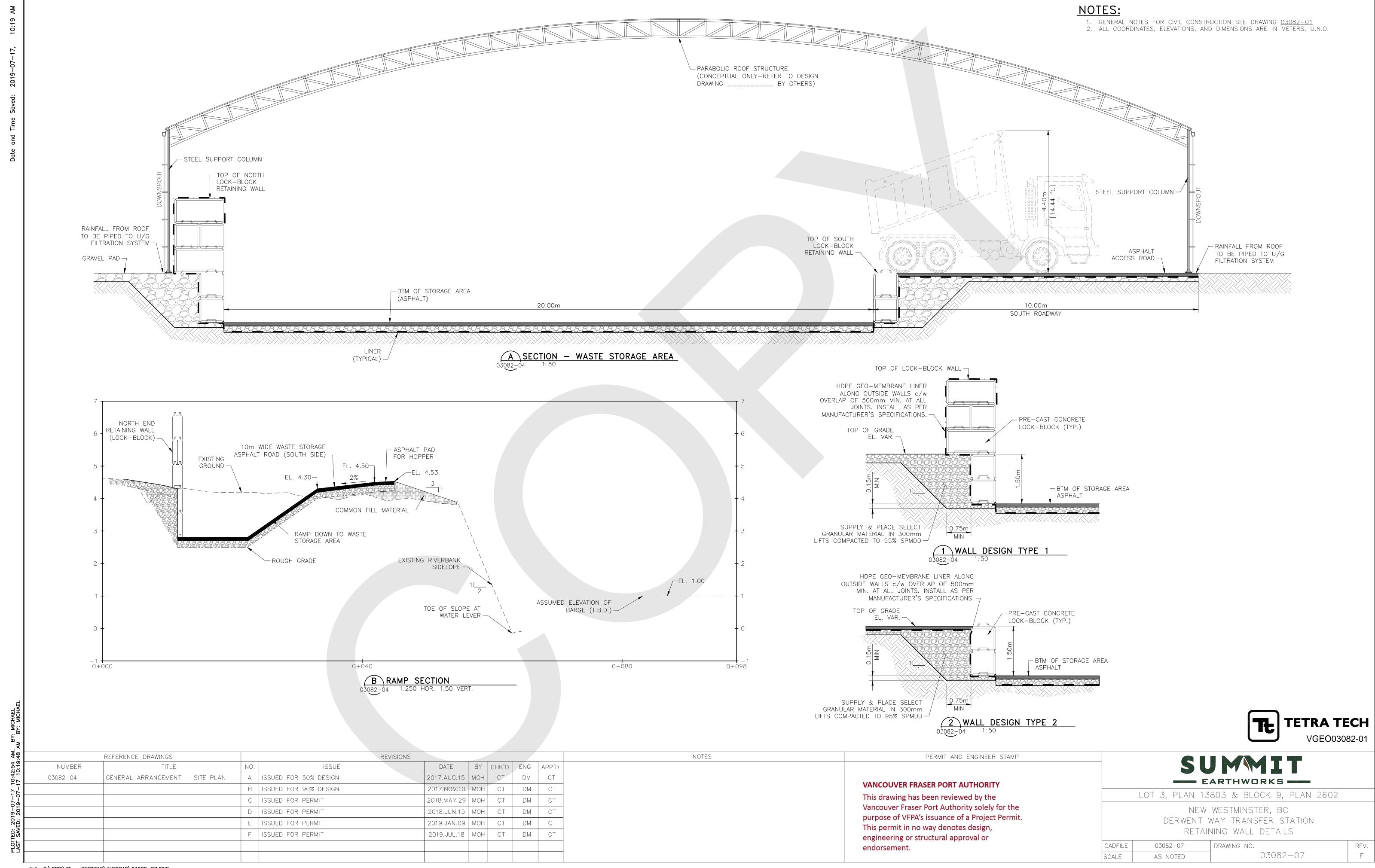
This drawing has been reviewed by the Vancouver Fraser Port Authority solely for the purpose of VFPA's issuance of a Project Permit. This permit in no way denotes design, engineering or structural approval or endorsement.

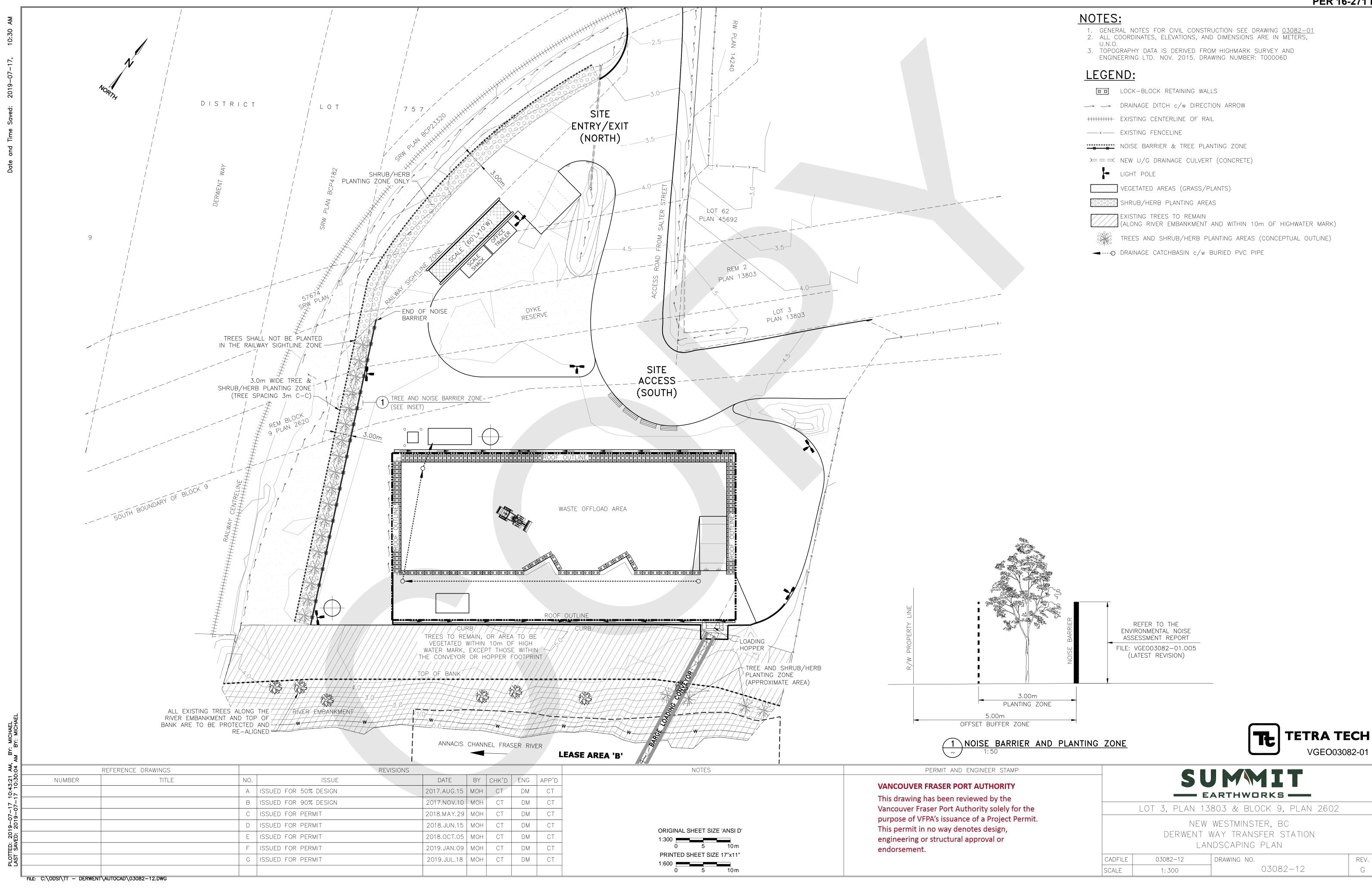
PERMIT AND ENGINEER STAMP

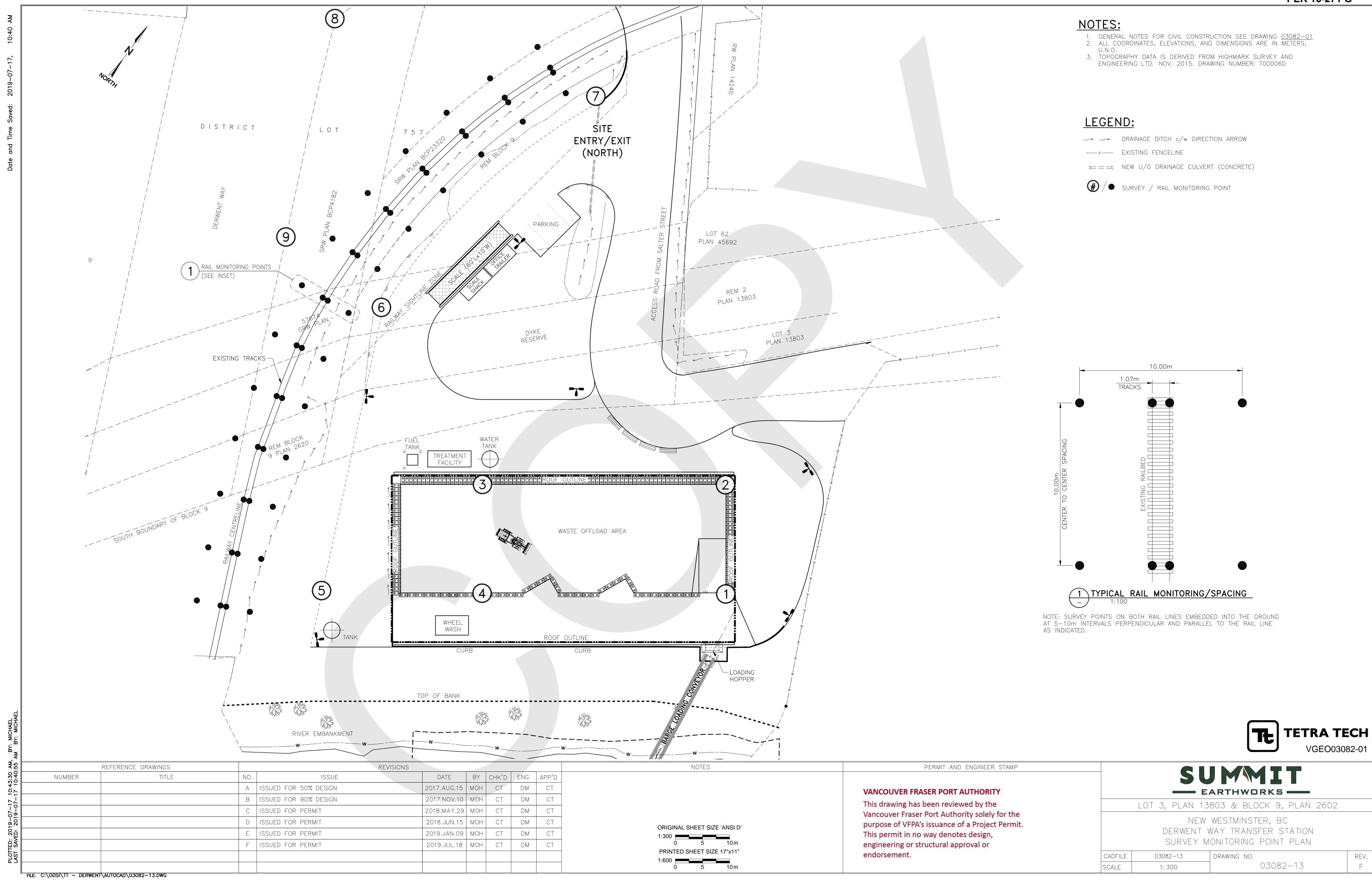
LOT 3, PLAN 13803 & BLOCK 9, PLAN 2602

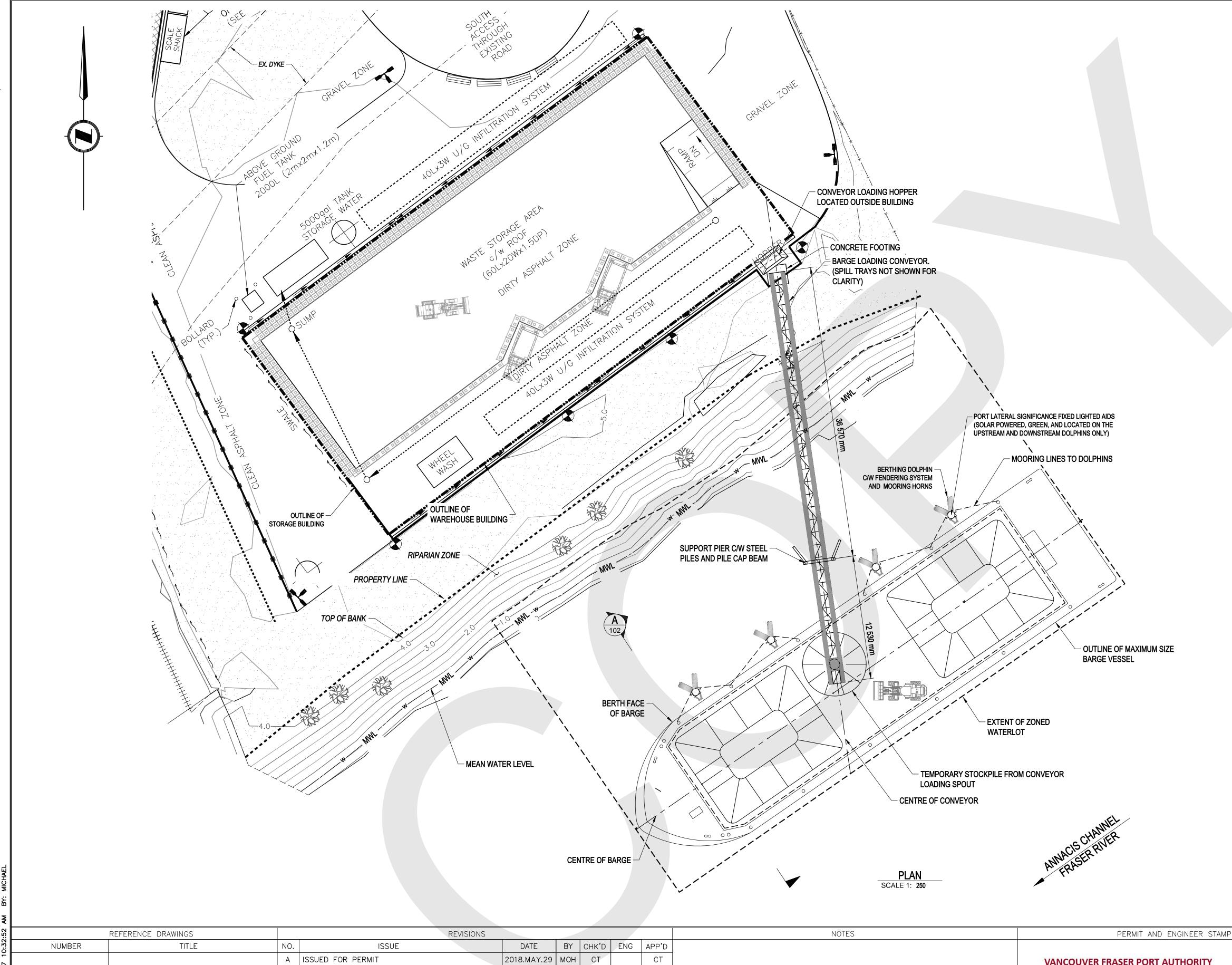
NEW WESTMINSTER, BC DERWENT WAY TRANSFER STATION SITE PROFILES AND SECTIONS

CADFILE	03082-06	DRAWING NO.
CALE	AS NOTED	03082-06









СТ

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2018.JUN.15 MOH CT

2019.JAN.09 | MOH | CT

2019.JUL.18 | MOH | CT

GENERAL NOTES:

1. GENERAL

- 1.1 DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETRES UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE. ELEVATIONS ARE IN METRES AND ARE REFERENCED
- 1.2 GEOTECHNICAL DESIGN IS BASED ON INFORMATION PROVIDED BY TETRA TECH LTD.

2. WATER LEVELS

DESIGN RIVER ELEVATIONS AT THE SITE ARE AS FOLLOWS (DFO): EXTREME HIGH WATER LEVEL (EHWL) HIGHER HIGH WATER LEVEL (HHWL) +1.8 m LOWER LOW WATER LEVEL (LLWL) -1.8 m

3. MAXIMUM BARGE SIZE DIMENSIONS

BARGE DWT = 3 100 TONNES HULL LENGTH = 67.0 m HULL WIDTH = 17.0 m HULL LOADED DRAFT = 1.62 m

4. DESIGN CODE

- 4.1 CANADIAN HIGHWAY BRIDGE DESIGN CODE (CAN/CSA S6-14)
- 4.2 WORKSAFE BC OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY STANDARDS
- 4.3 BRITISH STANDARD BS639-4
- 4.4 UNIFIED FACILITIES CRITERIA (UFC) DESIGN: PIERS AND WHARVES (UFC 4-152-01)
- 4.5 PIANC (WORLD ASSOCIATION FOR WATERBORNE TRANSPORT INFRASTRUCTURE)

DESIGN LOADS

- 5.1 SELF-WEIGHT OF STRUCTURE COMPONENTS
- 5.2 MAINTENANCE ACCESS LOADS AS PER CL 3.8.10 OF CSA S6-14.
- 5.3 CONVEYOR MECHANICAL COMPONENTS
- 5.4 WIND LOADING TO CAN/CSA S6-14
- 5.5 SEISMIC DESIGN FOR THE ONSHORE TERMINAL WORKS ONLY. SEISMIC DESIGN HAS NOT BEEN CONSIDERED FOR THE MARINE STRUCTURES DESIGN (BERTHING DOLPHINS AND CONVEYOR SUPPORT PIER).
- 5.6 BERTHING LOADS
- 5.6.1 LARGEST VESSEL FULLY LADEN DISPLACEMENT = 3100 TONNES AT MAXIMUM BERTHING SPEED OF 0.33 m/s
- 5.7 MOORING LOADS
- 5.7.1 MOORING LOADS FROM WIND ARE BASED ON NOTE 5.4
- 5.7.2 MOORING LOADS FROM RIVER CURRENT ARE BASED ON MAXIMUM ANNUAL FRASER RIVER CURRENTS NOT INCLUDING ANNUAL FRESHET EVENTS.

6. MATERIALS

- 6.1 STEEL PIPE PILES TO BE ASTM A252 GRADE 3
- 6.2 ALL STEEL TO BE CSA G40.21M GRADE 350W
- 6.3 CAST-IN PLACE CONCRETE TO BE CSA A23.1 EXPOSURE CLASS C1, fc = 35 MPa AT 28 DAYS.
- 6.4 REINFORCING STEEL TO BE CSA G30.18M GRADE 400R

McElhanney McElhanney Consulting Services Ltd.

CADFILE

SCALE



VANCOUVER FRASER PORT AUTHORITY This drawing has been reviewed by the Vancouver Fraser Port Authority solely for the purpose of VFPA's issuance of a Project Permit. This permit in no way denotes design, engineering or structural approval or endorsement.

SUMMIT EARTHWORKS

LOT 3, PLAN 13803 & BLOCK 9, PLAN 2602

NEW WESTMINSTER, BC DERWENT WAY TRANSFER STATION BARGE LOADING MARINE FACILITY - GENERAL ARRANGEMENT

03082-100 DRAWING NO. 03082-100 1:250

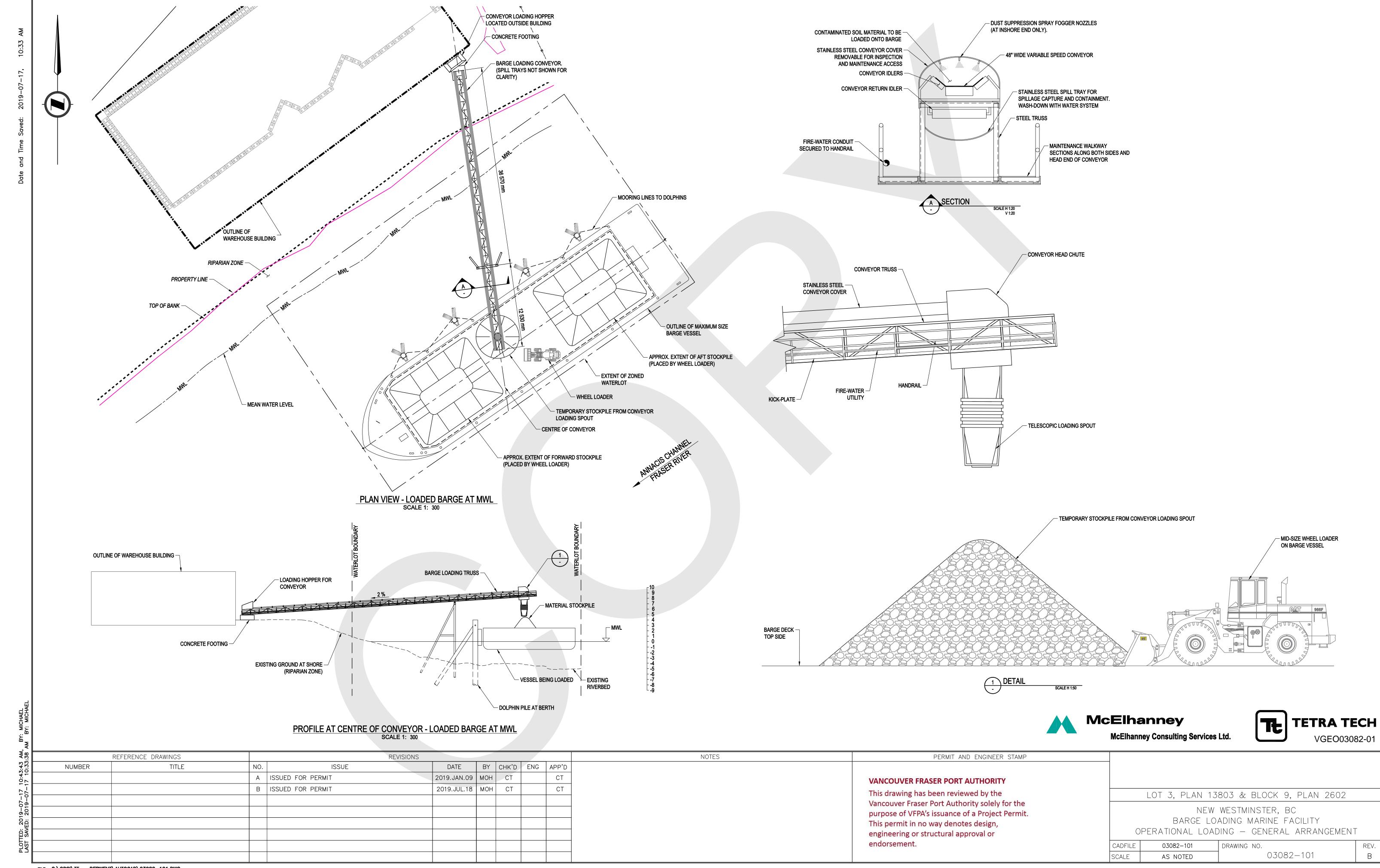
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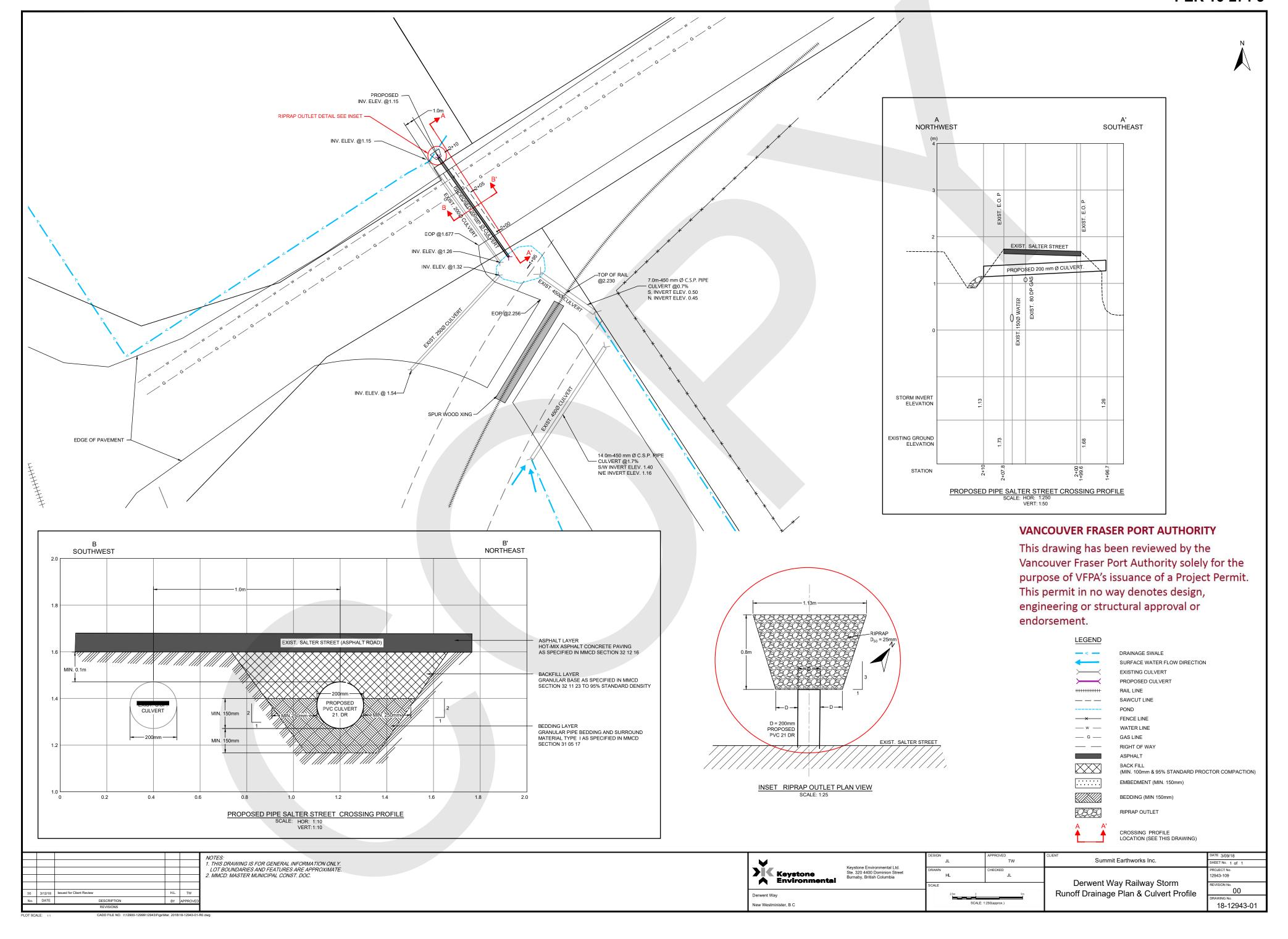
A ISSUED FOR PERMIT

B ISSUED FOR PERMIT

C ISSUED FOR PERMIT

D ISSUED FOR PERMIT







PROJECT AND ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW REPORT PER NO. 16-271 DERWENT WAY SOIL TRANSFER AND BARGE FACILITY

Prepared for: Director, Planning & Development

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Port Authority

VANCOUVER FRASER PORT AUTHORITY PROJECT AND ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW REPORT

1 of that ionity			
PER No.:	16-271		
Tenant:	Summit Earthworks Inc.		
Project:	Derwent Way Soil Transfer and Barge Facility		
Project Location	Lot located to the east of Derwent way and south of Salter Street, New Westminster		
VFPA SID No.:	NEW326		
Land Use Designation:	Industrial		
Applicant(s):	Summit Earthworks Inc.		
Applicant Address:	109 - 32885 Mission Way, Mission		
Category of Review:	С		
Recommendation:	That PER No. 16-271 for Derwent Way Soil Transfer and Barge Facility be approved.		

1 INTRODUCTION

The Vancouver Fraser Port Authority (the Port Authority), a federal port authority, manages lands under the purview of the *Canada Marine Act*, which imparts responsibilities for environmental protection. The Port Authority accordingly conducts project and environmental reviews of works and activities undertaken on these lands to ensure that the works and activities will not likely cause significant adverse environmental effects. This project and environmental review report documents the Port Authority's project and environmental review of PER No. 16-271: Derwent Way Soil Transfer and Barge Facility (the Project) proposed by Summit Earthworks Inc. (the Applicant).

This project and environmental review commenced in 2017 and was carried out to address the Port Authority's responsibilities under the *Canada Marine Act*, and to meet the requirements of the *Canadian Environmental Assessment Act*, 2012 (CEAA 2012), which was the relevant legislation at the time of application. CEAA 2012 has subsequently been replaced by the *Impact Assessment Act* (IAA). However, as this review commenced under CEAA 2012, the transitional provisions of the IAA allow for the review to continue under CEAA 2012. The proposed Project is not a CEAA 2012 "designated project" and an environmental assessment as described in CEAA 2012 is not required. However, the Port Authority authorization is required for the proposed Project to proceed and in such circumstances, where applicable, Section 67 of CEAA 2012 requires federal authorities to assure themselves that projects will not likely cause significant adverse environmental effects. This review provides that assurance. In addition, the Port Authority considers other interests, impacts and mitigations through the project and environmental review.

The project and environmental review considered the application along with supporting studies, assessments and consultations carried out or commissioned by the Applicant, as well as other information provided by the Applicant. In addition, this project and environmental review considered other information available to the Port Authority and other consultations carried out by the Port Authority. A full list of information sources germane to the review is provided in Appendix B.

This project and environmental review report is NOT a project authorization. It is a prerequisite to the issuance of a project permit (the Permit) and the conclusions described in this report require compliance with the conditions in the Permit.

2 PROJECT DESCRIPTION

Summit Earthworks Inc. proposes to develop a soil transfer and barge facility on the vacant lot located to the east of Derwent Way and south of Salter Street, New Westminster. The proposed project will facilitate the transfer of waste soil from development sites in the Metro Vancouver area to a remediation facility in Mission, BC. Soil will arrive at the transfer station via truck; it will then be temporarily stored in a contained storage area (with a total capacity of ~3,000 m³), before being transferred to a barge for transit along the Fraser River. In some instances, soil may also be transferred off site via truck. The facility will not accept hazardous soils, meaning that all soils that move through the facility will have contamination levels less than the BC Hazardous Waste Regulations criteria.

The waste soil will be temporarily stored in a storage area lined with a protective membrane and lock block wall to contain the soil. The storage area will have a roof structure covering the soil and the site will be adequately graded (min 1%) to ensure that any water run-off is collected in the swales around the perimeter of the storage site. Runoff from the roof structure will not come into contact with the stored material, and will infiltrate to the ground via separate underground infiltration trenches to the north and south of the waste storage area.

The material will be loaded to the barge via a hopper and a covered conveyor system. The conveyor will deposit the soil onto the barge using a telescopic spout and a wheel loader on the barge will displace the soil evenly across the barge deck. The total estimated volume of soil anticipated to be handled at the site is 6,000 m³ per month.

The site is bisected by a City of New Westminster dyke reserve. The dyke right of way will be traversed by trucks, but will remain unencumbered by structures.

Vehicle access to the site is proposed to be via an access road that connects to Salter Street to the north. Salter Street connects to Derwent Way. Operation of the facility would include up to 60 trucks arriving and departing daily. It is anticipated that one barge per week would be loaded with approximately 1,500 to 2,500 m³ of soil and that barges will not moor at the terminal for more than 48 hours at a time.

The facility is designed to contain soil stored on the site and reduce run-off and dispersion during transfer and barge loading. Containment curbs will be constructed around the soil storage area and the truck unloading area to contain any direct runoff. A wheel wash station will be installed for trucks leaving the site.

To mitigate spillage of soils during barge loading, the conveyor system will consist of a covered design with a spill tray and a dust suppression fogger system. The conveyor system will also have variable speeds and be combined with a telescopic loading spout to reduce the free-fall drop height to further mitigate the potential for dust to be generated during loading. Flat deck barges and material scows will be used for stability and the sides will be sealed for the containment of soil and any runoff water. Barges will be moored to four steel mooring dolphins and loading will not take place during extreme weather or river conditions, such as the annual spring freshet.

The Applicant also operates a gravel and equipment storage facility in close proximity to the site at 404a Salter Street. The gravel and equipment storage facility was initially proposed in 2018 and began operations in 2019. The two facilities have separate operations and purposes, and product will not be moved between the sites. The gravel and storage facility is not, and at no time has been, part of the Project scope for the proposed Derwent Way Soil Transfer and Barge Facility.

2.1 Proposed Upland Works

- Site clearing, stripping and grubbing;
- Ground densification, as necessary;
- Excavation below the covered soil storage area to a depth of approximately 1.5m;
- Construction of a lock block perimeter wall around the covered soil storage area measuring 2.25m above grade and 1.5m below grade;

- Construction of a 1,200 square metres lined and covered waste soil storage area designed to prevent infiltration into the underlying subgrade;
- Construction of a 0.3m high containment curb to the south and east of the truck unloading area and around the hopper to contain excess runoff;
- Construction of an ~2.5m noise barrier fence, tree barrier, and soil berm along the western boundary
 of the site:
- Grading and paving, including construction of an asphalt road and a compacted gravel area;
- Installation of a weigh scale measuring 18m x 3m, and a single-storey scale shack and scale house, each measuring 6m x 2.5m;
- Installation of a 2,500L fuel above-ground storage tank (AST) and concrete pad;
- Installation of a wheel wash station;
- Installation of a runoff water treatment facility and pump station measuring 8m x 3m and two (2) 19,000L water storage tanks;
- Installation of six (6) LED flood lights;
- Construction of four (4) vehicle parking spaces;
- Installation of a culvert;
- Installation of two (2) underground infiltration system trenches measuring 40m x 3m;
- Installation of storm drains and catch basins;
- Installation of a concrete pad mounted hopper;
- Installation of an ~50m long covered barge loading conveyor and telescopic loading spout;

Ground densification work may be required, details of any necessary works will be identified following further geotechnical studies. Requirements regarding ground densification are identified in condition Nos. 26 and 27.

Site preparation will include the clearing, stripping and grubbing of the site area up to 10m from the high water mark. This area will then be excavated up to a depth of 1m and backfilled to grade with using suitable materials. Most trees within 10m of the high water mark will be retained. The areas where trees will be removed from the upland are indicated on the 'Site Clearing, Stripping and Grubbing Plan'. The existing stockpile and concrete debris will also be removed from the site.

2.2 Proposed In-Water Works

- Installation of a conveyor truss support comprised of two (2) ~0.3m diameter steel pipe piles each with one (1) ~0.25m diameter steel pile batter.
- Installation of four (4) mooring dolphins each comprised of a vertical ~0.9m diameter concrete filled steel pipe pile and two (2) ~0.6m diameter steel batter piles, mooring horns, and fenders.

Piles will be installed by vibratory hammer and no in-water works will take place during the fisheries sensitive period. The conveyor will be secured to the truss by steel pile cap with hinge assembly.

The construction works are proposed to take place approximately six months to complete and would take place during the Port Authority's standard work hours of Monday to Saturday 7:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. (excluding holidays). The proposed operating hours for the site are Monday to Saturday, 7 a.m. to 4.30 p.m. (excluding holidays).

The estimated Project cost is \$500,000.

3 VANCOUVER FRASER PORT AUTHORITY INTERNAL REVIEWS

The following the Port Authority departments have reviewed the application and have the following project considerations.

3.1 Planning

Planning has reviewed the application and has the following land use comments.

The site is situated in the Queensborough area of New Westminster, adjacent to the Fraser River to the south, Derwent Way (a designated truck route) and an SRY rail line to the west, Salter Street to the north and an access road to the east. The site is bisected by a City of New Westminster dyke reserve, and the area to the south of the dyke reserve is infill that was created in the 1980s. The site is currently undeveloped and vegetated, with a rip rap shoreline fronting the Fraser River.

The immediate surrounding area is dominated by industrial operations, which include mechanical contractors, trucking and freight services, gravel storage and a lumber transloading facility. The City of New Westminster has zoned the municipally regulated area to the north of the site as "M2 – Heavy industrial Districts", in support of "heavy industrial uses". However, across Derwent Way to the west, and approximately 300m to the east are large residential communities. The residential areas of Queensborough and Port Royal (more recent redevelopments to the east) create a sharp contrast with these industrial uses. The consideration of community and stakeholder impacts of the project have been reviewed in detail in Section 4.

The industrial use proposed for the site is in keeping with the industrial setting and land use designation for the immediate area. The proposal also makes use of the existing transportation network and proposes to increase the transportation options for the site by adding marine infrastructure.

3.1.1 Land Use Designation

The Project area is designated as "Industrial" in the VFPA Land Use Plan (2020). The proposed use as a soil transfer and barge loading facility is consistent with the industrial designation. The Project is therefore compliant with the Land Use Plan.

3.1.2 Building Permit Requirements

The proposed construction of the soil storage area roof structure, loading conveyor and ancillary operational buildings will require review under the applicable National Building Code and National Fire Code of Canada. The Applicant will be required to obtain a Port Authority building permit before proceeding with construction of these works and cannot occupy the structures until they have obtained a the Port Authority occupancy permit. The Applicant will be able to submit a building permit application once the design for the roof structure has been finalized.

3.2 Engineering

The Project proposes to install and construct the following:

- A storm drain network, compete with a storm water collection sump, pumping station and treatment system.
- New culvert extending under Salter Street on City of New Westminster property.

The Project may also require ground stabilization works prior to the installation of structures.

Engineering has reviewed the application and will require the Applicant to ensure the following:

- Provide an updated geotechnical report and/or an additional geotechnical memo by a professional engineer licensed to practice in the Province of British Columbia, to the Port Authority's satisfaction, following further geotechnical investigations on site to determine whether ground stabilization is required.
- Provide details, including drawings, of any proposed ground stabilization works, as required, to the Port Authority's satisfaction.

- Provide signed and sealed drawings for proposed works approved for construction (including details of the roof structure and barge loading conveyor system) prior to construction.
- Provide record drawings of all installed structures and utilities following completion of the project (including the new culvert across Salter Street on City of New Westminster property).

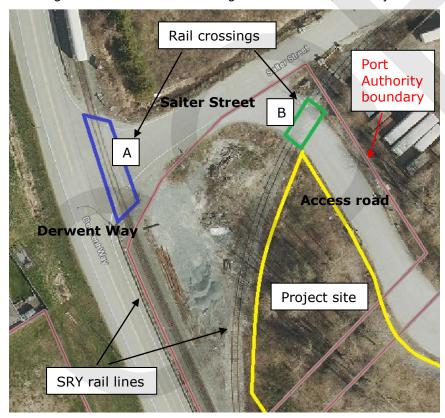
These are reflected in condition Nos. 18, 26, 27 and 73 in the Permit.

Engineering supports the recommendation to approve the Project subject to adherence to the listed project and environmental conditions in the Permit.

3.3 Transportation

The proposed Project involves waste soils being delivered to the site via truck. Access to the site for trucks will involve turning off the designated truck route of Derwent Way and crossing two rail crossings on Salter Street and an access road, before entering the site. Trucks must also leave the site via the same route. During operations the site is designed to accommodate a maximum of 60 trucks per day, though the applicant has indicated that this is more likely to be in the region of 20 to 30 trucks per day.

The image below shows the Project site in relation to the adjacent roads and rail crossings. Rail crossing "A" at the Salter Street/ Derwent Way intersection is within the jurisdiction of the City of New Westminster, while rail crossing "B" is within the jurisdiction of the Port Authority. Rail crossing "A" services rail traffic accessing Annacis Island. This crossing is active at night in order to help minimize rail crossing conflicts at other locations for trains servicing Annacis Island. Rail crossing "B" is not active, and may be removed in the near future.



The Applicant has provided a Traffic Impact Study in support of their Project, which reviews the existing and proposed traffic at the site and the surrounding intersections of Derwent Way/ Ewen Avenue, Derwent Way/ Salter Street, Derwent Way/ South Dyke Road and Derwent Way/ Annacis Parkway. The study concludes that site traffic will have minimal impact on the overall performance of the intersections and recommends that signage, pavement markings and concrete barriers should be put in place on and off-site to help safely direct the flow of

traffic. Additional recommendations include all staging to take place on-site during construction, replacement of a missing rail stop bar, and trimming of overgrown shrubs to improve visibility.

An additional memo in support of the Traffic Impact Study has been provided to consider whether a southbound left-turn lane at the Derwent Way/Salter Street intersection is necessary. The review concludes that all site traffic should enter or exit the site from the south via Annacis Island, and that if traffic follows this route there will be no impact or requirement for a southbound left-turn lane from Derwent Way.

A further memo in support of the Traffic Impact Study has been provided to consider potential queues for a northbound right-turn movement at the Derwent Way/Salter Street intersection and review the frequency of train crossings on the SRY line. The memo describes several measures that will be implemented to avoid trucks queueing both on Derwent Way and on the Derwent Way/Salter Street rail crossing. These measures include the creation of a traffic management plan to manage truck movements during site operations to include a 14 minute detour route for trucks along designated truck routes, should a rail crossing event be taking place when they are trying to enter the site. The memo also notes that train crossing peak hours are from 8 p.m. to 2 a.m., which is outside the hours of operation for the Project site of Monday to Saturday, 7 a.m. to 4.30 p.m. In light of this the review concludes that a traffic management plan and additional signage should provide the necessary information required for managing the trucks entering and exiting the site.

In line with the recommendations of the memo, a Site Access Route Plan and Traffic Route Plan Map, including signage and instructions for accessing the site, have been provided. The Applicant has noted that they have no means of enforcing truck routing or movements once outside the site. However, it is proposed that these two documents are used in the screening and approval process of haulers, in addition to the placement of site specific signage directing trucks to use recommended routes. Compliance with the mitigations in these documents will also be a condition of any lease agreement issued.

The Project was also referred to the City of New Westminster, the Ministry of Transportation and Infrastructure (MoTI) and SRY; comments received are detailed in section 4.1 and 4.2.1 below.

Transportation has reviewed the application and requires the Permit Holder to ensure the following:

- The Permit Holder shall provide a construction parking and traffic management plan to the satisfaction of the Port Authority, and carry out construction in accordance with the approved plan.
- The Permit Holder shall provide a survey monitoring plan to the satisfaction of the Port Authority, to monitor settlement of the SRY Rail line, and carry out monitoring in accordance with the approved plan. (See section 4.2.1 for discussion)
- The Permit Holder shall carry out operations in accordance with the approved Site Access Route Plan and Traffic Route Plan Map.

These are reflected in condition Nos. 21, 29 and 70 in the Permit.

Transportation supports the recommendation to approve the Project subject to adherence to the listed project and environmental conditions in the Permit.

3.4 Marine Operations

The proposed Project involves the installation of an ~50m long covered conveyor system, supported by piles, which would extend over the Fraser River, and the installation of four mooring dolphins and two additional piles to facilitate barge mooring at the site.

The Applicant has provided marine operations information and mitigations in a Marine Terminal Operations memo. The facility is anticipated to receive and load up to four dry goods barges (scows) per month that will travel along the Fraser River to Mission, where the waste soil will be off-loaded to a remediation facility. The barges will be moored at the facility using the mooring dolphins and will be loaded with waste soil using the covered conveyor system in a process that takes approximately 10 – 12 hours. The barges will typically be moored for no longer than 48 hours. Local, licensed tug haulers will transport the barges in and out of the facility in accordance with

marine transport rules and regulations. Barges will not access the berth during extreme weather or river conditions, such as the annual freshet in the Fraser River.

The Project was also referred to the Greater Vancouver Water District (GVWD) (operating as Metro Vancouver) in relation to proximity to the Annacis Main No. 2 water main; comments received are detailed in section 4.2 below.

Marine Operations has reviewed the application and requires the Permit Holder to ensure the following:

- The Permit Holder shall inform the Harbour Master 2 days before commencing construction for in water related activities.
- The Permit Holder shall provide a Marine Construction Staging Plan to the satisfaction of the Port Authority, and carry out construction in accordance with the approved plan (See section 4.2 for discussion)
- The Permit Holder shall contact the Coast Guard for issuance of a NavWarn for in-water works.
- The Permit Holder shall maintain good practices in accordance with rules and regulations during vessel related activities.
- The Permit Holder shall provide record drawings of all newly constructed marine works to the Canadian Hydrographic Service (CHS).

These are reflected in condition Nos. 17, 24, 25, 62 and 74 in the Permit.

Marine Operations supports the recommendation to approve the Project subject to adherence to the listed project and environmental conditions in the Permit.

4 STAKEHOLDER CONSULTATION

The proposed Project was assessed to have potential impacts to stakeholders and the local community and significant consultation activities were determined to be required. The following sections describe the stakeholder and public consultation activities undertaken by the Applicant and the Port Authority as part of the project and environmental review.

4.1 Municipal Consultation

The proposed Project was assessed by the Port Authority to have potential impacts to municipal interests. An initial referral letter was sent to the City of New Westminster on January 13, 2017, notifying them of the proposed Project. Subsequent correspondence took place via email and letter. Letters were sent to the City on: January 11, 2018; March 25, 2019; November 9, 2020; February 4 2021 and March 3, 2021, in response to issues raised and to outline amendments to the scope of works. The Project was further discussed with the City of New Westminster at meetings, attended by the applicant and the Port Authority, on March 2, 2017 and April 12, 2019. The Applicant also presented the Project and answered questions at a Council meeting on September 30, 2019.

During the course of this review, there have been several requests for information to be provided to the City of New Westminster. The following table summarizes the topics raised, and the Port Authority's responses.

Issue	Mitigations and Permit Conditions	Rationale / Comment
STORMWATER		
Provide an updated Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SPPP)	Not applicable	SPPP sent to the City on Jan 11, 2018. The latest version is available on the port authority website.

DETAILED SITE DRAWINGS Provide the following Not applicable Drawing package sent to the City on Jan 11, detailed drawings: 2018. The latest version is available on the Planting proposed port authority website. for the berms and • The project summary and the biophysical foreshore assessment and vegetation plan provide Location of the further details of the proposed planting The Traffic Impact Study advises that there is weigh scale (to demonstrate that it sufficient on-site capacity to allow internal has been designed queueing for four vehicles. to prevent trucks from queuing onto the roadway.) **DUST** Provide detailed dust Mitigations include: Construction and Environmental Management suppression measures Plan (CEMP) and Environmental Air • Below grade, covered storage to help mitigate off-site Assessment (EAA) sent to the City on Jan 11, impacts. 2018. The latest versions are available on the · Perimeter tree wall port authority website. Wheel and truck bed wash This question is also addressed in detail in Misting spray nozzles on the the public engagement summary and conveyor hopper considerations report · Routine air quality monitoring on a regular basis Covered, variable speed loading conveyor Telescopic loading spout to reduce drop height onto barge No barge loading during periods of high winds Ability to cover soil on barge with a polyethylene liner in the event of sudden precipitation or strong winds. Condition No. 60 requires that air emissions, including dust are minimized during construction and provide a link to industry best practice guidance. Condition Nos. 65 and 69 require that the Permit Holder carry out the Project and site operations in accordance with an approved air emissions management plan and an air emissions sampling plan.

Provide further information in relation to noise control, run-off control, facilities for employees, habitat restoration, and landscaping / screening and light intrusion. (NOTE: Run-off control provisions are detailed under the site servicing section below)	Mitigations include: Noise control Lock block walls Noise barrier fence Tree barrier (also for visual screening) Soil berm Tree planting Light intrusion Keep lights as low as practical Direct light down onto the site Follow the port authority lighting guidelines	 Drawing package sent to the City on Jan 11, 2018. The latest version is available on the port authority website. A habitat assessment is included in the Biophysical and Vegetation Assessment A 3m wide tree planting zone is proposed along the western boundary of the site for visual screening and noise attenuation. LED lights are proposed to be installed at up to 9m in height. The intent is to keep the lights as low as possible for operations to reduce light pollution to adjacent properties. Light pole locations are indicated on the site plan. 		
Provide specifications	Not applicable	The wheel wash specifications are as follows:		
on the wheel wash facility		 Automatic tire washer, cleaning for two full tire rotations with a 6 m long deck 50 HP Pump system delivering 45 L/s recycled water flow rate Float controlled 22,000 L water holding tank Sensor start wash initiation Dimensions are 6 m long and 3.5 m wide. 		
MARINE STRUCTURES				
Provide information on how the barge ramp will be sealed during freshet.	Not applicable	The barge ramp originally proposed has been removed from the scope of works in the 2018 revision, and replaced with a covered conveyor.		
SITE SERVICING				
The dyke should be built to the minimum elevation of 4.5 m GSC, in accordance with the City's Flood Management Strategy	Not applicable	The dyke right of way is outside the port authority jurisdiction. However, the site profile and grading plan shows the finished grade adjacent to this area as at the desired geodetic elevation of 4.5m.		
The design and construction of the dyke and proposed materials to be used should be reviewed and subject to the approvals of the City and Inspector of Dykes	Not applicable	Not applicable as the dyke right of way is not proposed to be modified, is outside federal jurisdiction, and is already at the desired geodetic elevation of 4.5m		
No structures and/or materials shall be	Condition No. 6 requires that the Permit Holder carry out the Project	The latest drawing package (July 2019) includes a revised site plan.		

deposited on the dyke right of way	in accordance with the approved plans and drawings.	The site plan has been reconfigured and structures and/or materials have been relocated to ensure that the dyke ROW remains unencumbered.		
Site run off shall be contained and treated to levels acceptable to federal and provincial regulations prior to discharge.	Condition Nos. 37 and 66 require that the Permit Holder manage stormwater and surface runoff appropriately.	 Site run off will be collected in a collection sump, then pumped to a water storage tank and treatment system, prior to being discharged to the designed infiltration gallery. There will be no direct discharge to the Fraser River. Applicable regulations and measures for compliance are detailed in the SPPP and the Contingency Spill Response Plan. 		
Construction and operational activities shall prevent the spread of invasive plant species	Condition No. 33 requires that the Permit Holder carry out the project in accordance with the approved CEMP and the Vegetation Plan.	The CEMP and the Biophysical and Vegetation Assessment include requirements for the responsible management of invasive species.		
Existing riparian areas should be protected	Condition No. 37 requires that the Permit Holder carry out the Project in accordance with the approved CEMP and the Vegetation Plan.	 The landscaping plan identifies areas along the embankment and within 10m of the highwater mark for the protection of existing trees. Trees within the footprint of the conveyor and hopper will need to be removed (approx. 2-3m strip). This is a smaller area than the barge ramp previously proposed. The CEMP includes requirements for the protection of existing riparian areas. The Biophysical and Vegetation Assessment includes detail related to the impacts to vegetation anticipated. 		
TRANSPORTATION				
A southbound left-turn lane that can accommodate at least one large truck should be provided to avoid obstructing southbound traffic along Derwent Way when a train is crossing.	Condition No. 70 requires that the Permit Holder carry out operations in accordance with the approved Site Access Route Plan and Traffic Route Plan Map.	 An additional traffic impact assessment was carried out in response to the City's comments. The results of the assessment are provided in the Traffic Impact Memo The assessment determined that a left turn lane was not required if traffic is routed to / from the south, as proposed. Haulers to be routed via Annacis Island industrial area to access and exit the facility. 		
Confirm the type, number and weights of all existing and proposed vehicle travel for all Port of Vancouver sites requiring access from the Derwent Way/	Not applicable	The project site will have a maximum of 60 truck and transfer vehicles approximately, 17.7 metres in length with a loaded GVW of 56,000 lbs., per day (120 two-way trips) arriving and departing at random times during the operational hours of 7 a.m. to 4.30 p.m., Monday to Saturday.		

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Salter Street intersection, and include this data in an updated Transportation Study.		
All Derwent Way and Salter Street design work completed thus far for whistle cessation is assuming a maximum truck size to be WB20. Please confirm and update in the Transportation Study	Not applicable	The traffic patterns and accessibility for the site are being designed for a dump truck & trailer combination, not a WB20 with trailer.
Provide confirmation in the Transportation Study regarding queuing capacity for trucks; all staging must occur on-site, and the Study needs to show analysis that confirms there is no potential for vehicles queuing onto Salter Street from the site.	 Mitigations include: Haulers to be routed via Annacis Island industrial area to access and exit the facility Signage to be in place during operating hours to direct traffic flow to the facility. Haulers and/or specific drivers may be banned from the facility if they choose to ignore preferred access routes. The applicant has proposed to form a community liaison group to help monitor congestion adjacent to the site during construction and operation. Condition No. 70 requires that the Permit Holder carry out operations in accordance with the approved Site Access Route Plan and 	 There is sufficient on-site capacity to allow internal queues of four vehicles All staging will occur on-site Queuing mitigations provided to stop trucks from queuing on Derwent Way. This question is also addressed in detail in the public engagement summary and considerations report
	Traffic Route Plan Map.	
Provide further information regarding how they will enforce or compel the development's heavy	Condition No. 70 requires that the Permit Holder carry out operations in accordance with the approved Site Access Route Plan and Traffic Route Plan Map.	As detailed in the technical memo dated January 25, 2021, the Applicant has prepared a Site Access Route Plan and Traffic Route Plan Map in respect to traffic management during operations that includes:
vehicles to travel to and from the south. A traffic management plan and/or agreement with the City to put in place a modified Derwent Way and		 Proposed signage (no southbound left-turn movements to the site, no queueing along Derwent Way) Travel routes (all vehicles to arrive from the south) Detour routes in an event of a train crossing,
Salter Street intersection layout that would physically		including a mapTrain crossing schedules (as available)

restrict trucks from travelling to and from the north, should be provided.		
Provide analysis findings on the delays and queuing impacts at the Derwent Way and Salter Street intersection during a train crossing event, with respect to the need for an exclusive southbound left-turn lane (and/or a northbound right-turn lane with adequate measures for heavy vehicle enforcement coming from and going to the south).	Not applicable	 SRY has indicated that the train crossing peak hours are from 8 p.m. to 2 a.m., which falls outside the proposed site operating hours of Monday to Saturday, 7 a.m. to 4.30 p.m. 8 to 10 train crossings are scheduled a day; therefore, there will be limited occurrences where trucks are unable to access the site due to train crossings. In the event of a train crossing, vehicles will be instructed to drive north to loop back to the site via the detour route provided in the Traffic Management Plan. This will be enforced with signs.
Provide assurance that the messaging to the heavy truck drivers to follow the proposed actions and plans will be continually provided during the lifetime of the soil transfer and barge facility.	Condition No. 70 requires that the Permit Holder carry out operations in accordance with the approved Site Access Route Plan and Traffic Route Plan Map.	The requirement to provide continued messaging to the heavy truck drivers will be a condition of the lease, as well as a condition of the permit.
TREES		
Consider a comprehensive tree planting replacement program for the significant number of trees being removed from the site. (See City of New Westminster Urban Forest Management Strategy bylaw)	Condition No. 37 requires that the Permit Holder carry out the Project in accordance with the approved Vegetation Plan.	 Municipal strategies, design guidelines, bylaws and other related documents do not apply to land and waters under Federal jurisdiction. The port authority has reviewed the contents of the City of New Westminster's Urban Forest Management Strategy and is considering the principles in it as part of our review. A biophysical assessment was carried out for the site to assess the types of trees present and form a vegetation plan. Tree planting is proposed as part of this application, as detailed in the landscaping plan. The majority of trees with the riparian area will be retained. A thin strip of approximately 2-3 m will be removed to accommodate the conveyor structure.

PLANNING

The City encourages the Port to take into consideration the City's design guidelines for the Queensborough Heavy Industrial Development Permit Area No. 1, within which the subject site is situated.

Mitigations include:

- A 3m wide tree-planting zone will provide visual screening on the western boundary.
- The containment area is partially below grade.
- The design of the roof structure for the containment area will be subject to a Building Permit.
- Municipal strategies, design guidelines, bylaws and other related documents do not apply to land and waters under Federal jurisdiction.
- The Port Authority note that some areas within Federal jurisdiction appear to be incorrectly identified in the Development Permit areas.
- The Port Authority note the contents of the Queensborough Heavy Industrial Development Permit design guidelines and is considering some of the principles in it as part of our review.
- Aesthetic considerations are also discussed in the public engagement summary and considerations report.

4.2 Adjacent Tenant Consultation

The proposed Project was assessed by the Port Authority to have potential impacts to adjacent Port Authority tenant operations. Referral letters were sent to the following Port Authority tenants on November 18, 2020 in regard to the potential for upcoming construction works:

- Coastland Wood
- Ministry of Transportation and Infrastructure (MoTI)
- Greater Vancouver Water District (GVWD) (operating as Metro Vancouver)
- Ron Francis Marine Ltd.
- CIPA Lumber Co. Ltd.

The Port Authority did not receive any comments from Coastland Wood or CIPA Lumber Co. Ltd.

Ron Francis Marine Ltd., a nearby tenant, responded on November 20, 2020 to request further information. A conference call took place with the tenant on November 24, 2020 and further information was provided in relation to the number of trucks, odour, noise and land us e. The tenant's comments were not in relation to the impact on the tenant's marina operations; as such, their comments have been captured as part of public engagement, as discussed in Section 5.

The GVWD responded with comments on the proposed Project noting that GVWD's 914 mm diameter Annacis Main No. 2 at Derwent Way Bridge is downstream of the site. GVWD advised that they do not object to the proposed Project, subject to certain conditions being met.

Below is a table summarizing the comments received from GVWD and how they were considered as part of the project and environmental review.

Issue	Mitigations and Permit Conditions	Rationale
Please provide the contractor's marine staging plan when available for GVWD review prior to construction. In order to ensure that barges and other	Condition No. 24 requires that the Permit Holder provide a marine staging plan to the satisfaction of the Port Authority and GVWD and carry	The applicant will be required to submit a marine staging plan prior to construction for review and approval.

marine equipment do not anchor or spud within 10 m of the water main, the Annacis Main No. 2 alignment must be shown on the staging plan. Depending on the proximity of the equipment staging to the water main, an inspector may be required to be stationed aboard the barge during the work.	out the Project in accordance with the approved plan.	
If there are any changes to the submission drawings or construction methods, please submit a revised proposal to MV for review and consent, prior to construction.	Not applicable	Noted – There have been no further amendments to the submission drawings or construction methods since the application was referred to Metro Vancouver.
The proponent shall be liable for any damages incurred as a result of the proposed work.	Not applicable	Comments acknowledged by applicant.

MoTI responded with concerns that the proposed Project may impact the Annacis Island Swing Bridge. MoTI advised that they do not object to the proposed Project, subject to certain conditions being met.

Below is a table summarizing the comments received from MoTI and how they were considered as part of the project and environmental review.

Issue	Mitigations and Permit Conditions	Rationale
A preload drawing (which was not included in initial submissions) and an associated memo to address the anticipated settlement should be submitted to MoTI for review when available, and prior to the preload construction.	Condition No. 26 requires that the Permit Holder submit an updated geotechnical report and/or an additional geotechnical memo by a professional engineer licensed to practice in the Province of British Columbia, to the Port Authority's satisfaction, following further geotechnical investigations on site to determine whether ground stabilization is required.	Prior to construction, the applicant will be required to submit an updated geotechnical report and/or an additional geotechnical memo following further geotechnical drilling investigations on site to determine whether ground stabilization is required. Preload may or may not be required, depending upon the results of this investigation.
	Condition No. 27 requires that the Permit Holder submit details, including drawings of any proposed ground stabilization works.	Should ground stabilization be required, the applicant will be required to submit details of the proposed works and activities. Including updated drawings, and an updated CEMP. The Port Authority will consult with MoTI on any proposals for ground stabilization.

The monitoring plan should be extended to the Channel Swing Bridge, documenting: the settlement during preload vibration during pile driving	Condition No. 29 requires that the Permit Holder provide a survey monitoring plan to the satisfaction of the Port Authority, and carry out monitoring in accordance with the approved plan. The survey plan shall monitor settlement and vibration in relation to the SRY rail line and adjacent ground surface, and the Annacis Island Swing Bridge.	A monitoring plan will be required to monitor the Annacis Island Swing Bridge during construction further to additional geotechnical investigations. The Port Authority will consult with MoTI on the survey monitoring plan.
A detailed monitoring plan (with caution and alarm values) should be submitted for review prior to construction.	The survey monitoring plan shall provide details of monitoring locations and "caution" and "alarm" values.	The applicant will be required to consider the monitoring requirements in relation to impacts to the bridge infrastructure in an updated geotechnical report and/or an additional geotechnical memo following further geotechnical drilling investigations on site.
Monitoring data should be submitted if the caution level is approached.	The survey monitoring plan shall provide details of reporting procedures.	The submission of data will be a requirement of the survey monitoring plan.

4.2.1 Southern Railway of British Columbia (SRY)

The proposed Project was assessed by the Port Authority to have potential impacts to SRY. An initial referral letter was sent to SRY on January 13, 2017 notifying them of the proposed Project.

Southern Railway of BC responded with comments on the proposed Project on February 8th, 2017 and May 12, 2017. Subsequent correspondence took place via email and letter. Letters were sent to SRY on: January 11, 2018, March 25, 2019 and November 9, 2020, and in response to issues raised and to outline amendments to the scope of works.

Below is a table summarizing the comments received and how they were considered as part of the project and environmental review.

Issue	Mitigations and Permit Conditions	Rationale
Lulu Island has extremely poor soil conditions. At a similar development north of the proposed site, a surcharge from a preload surged the soil under SRY track and significantly disrupted railway operations. As such, SRY required the following: The geotechnical engineering firm to provide advice as to the impact that the preload and soil	Condition No. 29 requires that the Permit Holder provide a survey monitoring plan to the satisfaction of the Port Authority, and carry out monitoring in accordance with the approved plan.	 Tetra Tech completed an assessment of the potential settlement to the SRY rail line, which could be up to 50mm. Tetra Tech recommended that a survey monitoring plan be put in place to monitor the settlement of the SRY rail line and adjacent ground surface. The monitoring will include survey points on both rail lines as well as survey monitoring points embedded in the ground

Issue	Mitigations and Permit Conditions	Rationale
containment may have on the railway property. • A geotechnical monitoring program should be developed to assess the rail alignment periodically during pre-load.		at 5 m to 10 m intervals perpendicular and parallel to the rail line. The Permit Holder will develop the details of the monitoring locations and frequency with SRY. The monitoring is proposed to be completed on a bi-weekly basis to establish initial settlement rates and may be extended to a monthly or bi- monthly basis depending on the initial results. If the settlement of the SRY line approaches the tolerable limits, SRY will be contacted and necessary coordination will be made to level the rail line by the Permit Holder Preloading may not be required at this site The Port Authority will consult with SRY on the survey monitoring plan.
The rail crossings at Hudson Avenue and Southwest Marine Drive, and 41st Avenue and West Boulevard are referenced in the Traffic Impact Study (Rev. 3). Both of these are deactivated and underutilized rail lines.	Not applicable	References to these rail crossings Have been removed in the revised Traffic Impact Study.
This is a busy, active railway corridor and there is potential for trucks to queue on Derwent Way before entering the site. This could be because they are waiting to enter the site or because they are waiting for slow moving trains at the rail crossings. This may impact neighbourhood traffic.	 Mitigations include: Haulers to be routed via Annacis Island industrial area to access and exit the facility Signage to be in place during operating hours to direct traffic flow to the facility. Haulers and/or specific drivers may be banned from the facility if they choose to ignore preferred access routes. A community liaison committee to be formed to help monitor congestion adjacent to the site during construction and operation. A Site Access Route Plan and Traffic Route Plan Map that includes signage, travel routes, 	 Tetra Tech has carried out a Traffic Impact Study of the proposed impact of the operations on the surrounding area. The Port Authority defer to the results of this in relation to the proposed impacts. Tetra Tech advises that the development is anticipated to generate 19 trips in both the a.m. and p.m. peak hours (approximately one vehicle every three minutes) with a maximum of 60 per day, and that queuing and delays at the intersection of Derwent Way/Salter Street are anticipated to be minimal. An additional traffic impact assessment was provided by

Issue	Mitigations and Permit Conditions	Rationale
	detour routes and train crossing schedules. Condition No. 70 requires that the Permit Holder carry out operations in accordance with the approved Site Access Route Plan and Traffic Route Plan Map.	Tetra Tech in 2019 to assess whether a left turn lane was necessary. The assessment determined that a left turn lane was not required if traffic is routed to / from the south, as proposed. • A further assessment was provided in January 2021, which considered queuing impacts and how they could be addressed in a site operations traffic management plan.
Trucks on Salter St waiting for traffic to clear will likely be queueing onto the tracks with no escape route should a train arrive unexpectedly. SRY advised that this should be mitigated by a railway signal system interconnected by traffic signals.	 Mitigations include: Materials kept clear of the rail line. The noise barrier revised in order that it does not extend the full length of the property and does not, therefore, negatively impact railway sightline requirements. A Site Access Route Plan and Traffic Route Plan Map that includes signage, travel routes, detour routes and train crossing schedules. Condition No. 70 requires that the Permit Holder carry out operations in accordance with the approved Site Access Route Plan and Traffic Route Plan Map. 	 The Applicant has made amendments to the Project to improve railway sightlines within the site. Improvements to the rail crossings lie outside of the Applicant's proposed lease area. Tetra Tech advised that, as noted in the traffic impact study, if queuing is identified as an issue, signals are recommended at the tracks. This should be confirmed with rail counts/warrants. Signs should be installed to instruct to not stop on tracks to further improve safety. Existing vegetation should be removed to improve sightlines. There are two rail crossings within the immediate vicinity of the site. The rail crossing at Derwent Way and Salter Street is within the City of New Westminster's jurisdiction. This rail crossing is currently being reviewed for upgrades as part of the proposed 'Train Whistle Cessation' project, which is being led by the municipality and SRY. The second rail crossing at the entrance to the Salter Street access road is within the port authority jurisdiction. The port authority are responsible for ensuring that the signage is in place warning trucks not to stop

Issue	Mitigations and Permit Conditions	Rationale
		on the tracks. However, this crossing is not active, and there are plans for its removal.

PUBLIC ENGAGEMENT

The objective of public engagement as part of the permit review is to solicit feedback from the public on the proposed project, the completed technical studies, and proposed mitigations during construction and operation.

The Port Authority initially required the Applicant to conduct public engagement activities with a 15 business day public engagement period. The Port Authority reviewed the record of public engagement, including all comments received and the Applicant's response to comments, and identified the need for a second period of public engagement. The second round of public engagement was also required due to the changes to project design as the application evolved.

In response to requests from Queensborough residents and elected officials to have open group discussions about the Project, where commentary and feedback were transparent to all, the Applicant was required to hold a facilitated in-person public engagement event as part of a second engagement period.

The Applicant planned and advertised for two facilitated evenings of small group, in-person engagements at the Queensborough Community Centre on March 31 and April 2, 2020. A public notice was sent to nearby residences and businesses within the same distribution area as the previous notice mail-out, and the website was updated. However, due to the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic and government restrictions on in-person gatherings, the planned in-person sessions were cancelled.

In April 2020, the Port Authority released the "Public engagement guidelines update in light of COVID-19", and asked the Applicant to conduct digital public engagement activities in lieu of in-person sessions. The guidelines are available on our website: www.portvancouver.com/permitting-and-reviews/per/project-and-environmentreview-applicant/quidelines/.

The Applicant carried out additional public engagement under the new guidelines, which included a 25 business day public engagement period and two facilitated digital public engagement sessions. The Port Authority reviewed the record of public engagement, including all comments received and the Applicant's response to comments, in determining mitigation requirements and in making a decision on the proposed Project.

5.1 Summary of Public Engagement

A description of the Project and proposed works, and all supporting materials were posted to the Port Authority's website on December 15, 2016 for public review and comment. Details of the Applicant's plans to send a notification letter to the surrounding community were posted on the Port Authority's website.

The first public engagement period was held from May 12 to June 2, 2017 (15 business days) and included the following activities:

- Public notice mailed to 2,316 residents and businesses within an approximate 0.6 kilometre radius of the proposed facility (May 12, 2017)
- Website update including a link to the public notice (live from May 12 to June 2, 2017)

The public notice contained information about the proposed Project, details about construction activities, mitigations and facility operations, a project location map, and an invitation for comments and questions. The notice also contained a link to the web-version of the notice, to encourage the public to view the notice online and visit the Applicant's project website. The public was able to provide feedback via email and telephone.

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During the first public engagement period, public participation was as follows:

- 57 comments via emails and 3 phone calls from the public
- 8 comments via emails and 1 phone call from the public, sent directly to the Port Authority

Comments from the public and elected officials during this first public engagement period were mainly related to potential effects of the facility once operational, including increased traffic on roadways, and environmental and health effects of dust and waste soil. There were also concerns about possible impacts during construction activities, e.g., noise, and concerns about the adequacy of the public engagement process.

Following the engagement period, the Applicant created a summary document outlining the public engagement process, comments received, and the Applicant's formal responses. However, due to changes to the project scope being worked through and various continuity updates to submission documents, the Engagement Summary and Considerations Report was not finalized until 2019. The Port Authority reviewed the document dated April 25, 2019 and found it to be acceptable. The report was posted on the Port Authority and the Applicant's websites in August 2019.

The second public engagement period was held from May 29 to July 6, 2020 (25 business days) and included the following activities:

- Public notice mailed to 2,316 residents and businesses within an approximate 0.6 kilometre radius of the proposed facility (June 1 to June 5, 2020)
- Personal invitations to the president of the Queensborough Residents Association, City of New Westminster officials, the Member of Parliament (MP) for New Westminster-Burnaby and the Member of the Legislative Assembly (MLA) for Richmond-Queensborough (June 1, 2020)
- Print advertisement on the New Westminster Record newspaper (June 4, 2020)
- Website updates including project information, engagement materials, and links to the digital public
 engagement sessions registration page, to the online survey, and to recordings of the sessions (May 29,
 June 26, July 7 and July 13, 2020)
- Two digital public engagement sessions (June 23 and June 25, 2020)
- Online survey (live from May 29 to July 6, 2020)
- Thank you emails to digital public engagement session attendees (June 30, 2020)

The public notice contained information about the proposed Project, design features to mitigate potential impacts of the facility during operations, the anticipated construction schedule, details about operations, a project location map, and an invitation for comments and questions. The notice also contained a link to a dedicated project website which in turn included a link to the digital public engagement sessions registration page, and a link to the online survey. The public was able to provide feedback via the online survey, email, mail and during the digital public engagement sessions.

The digital public engagement sessions were held online, through Zoom, on June 23 and June 25, 2020. The sessions consisted of two different topic areas: Part A - construction and operations concerns (facility design, traffic, noise and aesthetics), and Part B - environment concerns (soil, air quality, habitat and water quality). Each session provided information about the project scope, design, technical and environmental assessments, construction activities and construction management, and ways to provide input. The sessions also provided an overview of the changes that were made to the design of the facility since the first period of public engagement. A facilitator led a questions and answers session at the end of each session, and participants were polled about their level of satisfaction with online engagement, and the use of Zoom. The Applicant had Project representatives and technical consultants available to answer questions from the public. Port Authority employees were also present to answer process related questions, and representatives of the Queensborough Residents Association were also in attendance.

During the second public engagement period, public participation was as follows:

31 digital public engagement sessions attendees

- 32 partially completed online survey responses
- 7 comments via emails and letters from the public
- 3 comments via emails and letters from the public directly sent to the Port Authority (one of which was also addressed to the Applicant and included in the line above)

Comments from the public were mainly related to operational concerns, such as increased traffic and safety, impacts on air quality and the environment, impacts of soil and noise emissions on human health, as well as questions and concerns about the Applicant's approach to public engagement, and the Port Authority's decision-making process.

In addition to these comments, other concerns outside of the scope of the proposed Project were raised, including questions about land use designations, enforcement of truck routes off-site, the Applicant's separate and existing gravel and storage facility, and interest in whether the Port Authority would consider supporting community projects or amenities in the Queensborough community.

The Applicant provided a summary of the public engagement process, comments received, and the Applicant's formal responses in an Engagement Summary and Considerations Report dated October 9, 2020. The Port Authority reviewed the document and found it to be acceptable. The report was posted on the Port Authority and the Applicant's websites on October 16, 2020.

Below is a table summarizing issues the public and elected officials raised during both public engagement periods, and how the Port Authority considered public input. The Port Authority also considered public input received outside of the public engagement periods, and summarized issues raised as part of this table.

Materials submitted by the Applicant during the application review phase, and referenced in the following table, are available on the port authority project website: www.portvancouver.com/derwentway.

Issue	Mitigations and Permit Conditions	Rationale			
Theme: air quality	Theme: air quality				
Management of dust, monitoring of air emission levels, and effects of dust emissions on air quality and on human health (particularly on sensitive receptors such as nearby schools and the community centre) during construction and operation.	Condition No. 60 requires dust and air emissions associated with construction and operation are minimized. Condition No. 65 requires the Permit Holder provides an Air Emissions Management Plan to the Port Authority's satisfaction. If a permit is issued, the Permit Holder shall carry out the Project and site operations in accordance with this plan. Condition No. 69 requires the Permit Holder conducts air emissions sampling upon completion of the Project, and that a plan is submitted prior to the monitoring period.	To assess potential air emissions associated with the Project, the Applicant conducted an Environmental Air Assessment (2018), available on our website. To mitigate potential effects on air quality, the Applicant included design features, e.g., fence and barrier trees along the property's western boundary, and outlined additional measures in the Construction Environmental Management Plan (CEPM) (2019), e.g., covering trucks with load bed covers. If a permit is issued, the Permit Holder shall conduct periodic air sampling once the facility is operational to ensure Metro Vancouver ambient air quality objectives are not exceeded. Monitoring would be undertaken by qualified environmental professionals, during periods of activity, and results would be reported to the Port Authority. If a permit is issued, the Permit Holder will explore the development of a community liaison committee to monitor air quality concerns.			

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Issue	Mitigations and Permit Conditions	Rationale
Dust from soils being transported through the neighbourhood.	None required.	The Applicant indicated trucks would be limited to designated truck routes, and would be covered to prevent soil release during transport. During the second public engagement period the Applicant was questioned on measures to ensure trucks did not deviate from truck routes. The Applicant outlined some measures, e.g., notification to haulers regarding site access
Lack of fugitive dust mitigation on the east property boundary near residential area.	Condition No. 60 requires dust and air emissions associated with construction are minimized. Condition No. 65 requires the Permit Holder to provide an Air Emissions Management Plan to the Port Authority's satisfaction. If a permit is issued, the Permit Holder shall carry out the Project and site operations in accordance with this plan. Condition No. 69 requires the Permit Holder conducts air emissions sampling upon completion of the Project, and that a plan is submitted	requirements during the pre-approval process. With mitigation in place, fugitive dust is not anticipated to travel the distance between the proposed facility and residential areas on the east boundary (280 metres). Dust control measures, e.g., the facility's roof covering, planted trees, and wheel wash are expected to help prevent fugitive dust.
Truck idling during construction and operation.	prior to the monitoring period. None required.	The Applicant confirmed idling would not take place while trucks were not in operation. Any complaints would be monitored through a future community liaison committee.
Validity of the Environmental Air Assessment results.	Condition No. 69 requires the Permit Holder to conduct air emissions sampling upon completion of the Project, and that a plan is submitted prior to the monitoring period.	During the second public engagement period, there were concerns the background air quality data used in the Environmental Air Assessment was not representative of the residential areas surrounding the site. The Applicant followed up to confirm the study used local ambient air quality inferred from Metro Vancouver monitoring stations near the site.
Impact of the facility on greenhouse gases (GHGs).	None required.	The Applicant explained the central location of the proposed facility is expected to decrease the distance trucks travel and would help lower GHGs.
Risk of diesel storage/use on site.	Oil or fuel spill analysis and mitigation is provided in the Contingency and Spill Response Plan. Mitigations include paving in high traffic areas to prevent infiltration of spills, containment curbs and emergency spill kits. The above ground storage tank will be double-walled, vacuummonitored and placed on a concrete pad. The Plan also provides details of	The Applicant explained the facility includes an above ground storage tank, contained within a concrete berm and shielded by bollards, for fueling on-site diesel equipment.

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laava	Mitigations and Daywit Canditions	Detionals
Issue	Mitigations and Permit Conditions the process of excavation and testing	Rationale
	of soils, should a spill happen.	
	Condition No. 33 requires that a spill prevention, containment and clean-up plan for hydrocarbon products (including fuel, oil and hydraulic fluid) and any other deleterious substances be in place prior to any works or activities commencing on site.	
	Condition No. 59 requires that storage tank removal, installation and operation shall meet the requirements of the Petroleum Products and Allied Petroleum Products Storage Tank Systems Regulations and the CCME Environmental Code of Practice for Aboveground and Underground Storage Tank Systems Containing Petroleum and Allied Petroleum Products.	
Dust management during barge loading and transportation.	Condition No. 60 requires dust and air emissions associated with construction are minimized. Condition No. 65 requires the Permit Holder to provide an Air Emissions Management Plan to the Port Authority's satisfaction. If a permit is issued, the Permit Holder shall carry out the Project and site operations in accordance with this plan. Condition No. 69 requires the Permit Holder conducts air emissions sampling upon completion of the Project, and that a plan is submitted prior to the monitoring period.	The Applicant outlined dust mitigation measures before loading of soil, e.g., soil would be moistened both before being loaded on the barge, and during loading, e.g., a dust suppression spray fogger system would be employed during loading to reduce the likelihood of dust production and windborne soil loss.
Thoma: sail qualit	y, storage and transportation	
Treatment or	None required.	The Applicant and the Port Authority confirmed
processing of soil and disposal at sea (at the Point Grey Disposal site).	None required.	the Project is not for a soils decontamination facility, that no remedial works would be carried out on site, and that the proposal is not for disposal at sea. The Project aims to facilitate the transfer of waste soil from development sites in Metro Vancouver to an existing disposal facility in Mission.
Possible effects of long-term exposure to contaminated soil on human health.	Condition No. 60 requires dust and air emissions associated with construction are minimized. Condition No. 65 requires the Permit	The Applicant explained soil would come from development sites across Metro Vancouver, and indicated that soils considered hazardous under provincial regulation would not be accepted.
	Holder to provide an Air Emissions Management Plan to the Port	If a permit is issued, only soils that have been demonstrated to meet the criteria of the BC

Issue	Mitigations and Permit Conditions	Rationale
	Authority's satisfaction. If a permit is issued, the Permit Holder shall carry out the Project and site operations in accordance with this plan. Condition No. 69 requires the Permit Holder conducts air emissions sampling and that a plan is submitted	Contaminated Sites Regulation would be accepted at the facility. The Applicant would conduct periodic air quality monitoring to ensure that local air quality is within BC air quality objectives. The Applicant also included design aspects to mitigate possible fugitive dust from the site, e.g.,
	prior to the monitoring period.	below grade covered soil stockpile, and water spraying of soil stockpiles.
Odour emanating from the contaminated soils.	None required.	The Applicant indicated compost, wood waste or organic matter would not be accepted, therefore odour is not anticipated. Soils would also be placed within a covered, below grade storage area. However, the Applicant is committed to discuss concerns related to odours, should they arise, with a future community liaison committee, if a permit is issued.
Assurances that soil will be tested for hazardous levels, wood wastes and contaminants.	None required.	The Applicant confirmed a qualified environmental professional would review source site and soil data as part of the pre-approval screening process. The facility would only accept industrial and commercial soils as outlined in the BC Contaminated Sites Regulations.
Soil residue on local roadways.	None required.	To remove excess soils when leaving the site, truck wheels will be washed. The Applicant would monitor the access roads and use a street sweeper to clean up any accumulation of soils.
Applicant's decision to transfer soils via barge instead of trucking directly to Mission.	None required.	The Applicant explained trucks currently have a three hour round trip to Mission and that the proposed facility would allow for the handling of the soil closer to the source sites, which would help reduce GHG emissions, and reduce transport costs.
Containment of soil and liner integrity, i.e., the liner's capacity to resist anticipated differential	None required.	The Applicant explained the soil would be placed into a below-grade holding area with an impermeable liner and containment walls. The design includes a cover to divert or capture any precipitation for on-site treatment prior to discharge.
settlement indicated in the geotechnical report.		The Applicant added that preliminary liner design has been completed, and that the geomembrane within the liner can be designed to withstand much larger loads and differential settlements than would be observed at the facility.

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Issue	Mitigations and Permit Conditions	Rationale
Barge loading process and transportation.	None required.	The Applicant indicated it would use licensed marine contractors who have suitable dry goods barges, follow marine transport guidelines and have independent spill response plans. Loading would only occur once there is enough soil to fill a barge, involving three to four barges per month. Loading would take seven to eight hours and involve the use of a conveyor belt to transfer the soils to the barge deck via a telescopic spout.
Contaminated soil spill response.	None required.	The Applicant developed a Contingency and Spill Response Plan (2019) to address spill response procedures, and outline industry best practices. A memo (2018) outlines barge loading and design considerations to prevent spillage of the waste soil into the Fraser River, e.g., covered barge loading conveyor, and spill collection trays. Both documents are available on our website. If a spill were to occur into the water, the Applicant explained Summit Earthworks Inc.
		would contain the area, remediate the spill, and report it to the BC Emergency Management program and the Port Authority. The Applicant has also committed to not loading the barge during extreme weather or river conditions, such as the annual spring freshet in the Fraser River.
Theme: traffic		
Increase in traffic volume during operations, specifically in the overall number of trucks, and incremental	Condition No. 70 requires that the Permit Holder carry out operations in accordance with the approved Site Access Route Plan and Traffic Route Plan Map.	The public shared concerns about routing the trucks through the Queensborough Bridge, particularly during rush hour. Following feedback during the first public engagement period, the Applicant changed the design to route trucks via Annacis Island to prevent vehicles from driving through residential areas.
impacts on current traffic congestion and related issues, e.g., reduced safety, noise, roads' wear and tear, idling.		A traffic impact study (TIS) for the 2018 and 2038 horizon years, available on our website, estimated a background traffic growth of 2% annually. In response to concerns that the TIS was out of date, the Applicant explained the TIS took the traffic data from 2016 and 2017 and forecast it to 2018 and 2038. The Applicant explained a maximum of 60 trucks per day would be accepted, and that typical volume would be 20 to 30 trucks per day. The Applicant committed to monitoring actual truck numbers during operations with the help of a future community liaison committee, if a permit is issued. The site is being designed for a dump truck and trailer combination.
		The Applicant also committed to implementing operational controls, e.g., notification of site

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Issue	Mitigations and Permit Conditions	Rationale
		access routes during the pre-approval process for haulers, and signage during operating hours to direct traffic flow.
Risks and impacts of non-compliant haulers during operations, e.g., trucks travelling through residential streets, risk of collisions with trains at the Salter Street rail crossing, queuing while waiting to enter the site.	Condition No. 70 requires that the Permit Holder carry out operations in accordance with the approved Site Access Route Plan and Traffic Route Plan Map.	The Applicant indicated trucks would travel along designated truck routes, through Annacis Island, and access and exit the facility via Salter Street. There will be no southbound left-turns from Derwent Way nor westbound right-turns from Salter Street in order to route all site traffic through industrial zones. Trucks will not be permitted to stop on the railway tracks, and no staging would be allowed on adjacent roadways. The Applicant confirmed there is sufficient space on-site to allow internal queues of four vehicles.
		In response to questions about enforcement of truck routes off-site, the Applicant and the Port Authority explained off-site traffic is under the responsibility of various authorities and jurisdictions. While on-site and off-site truck traffic are connected, the Applicant has limited control and responsibility over what happens outside of the property.
		The Port Authority indicated conversations had taken place with City of New Westminster staff about minimizing traffic impacts on the roadways outside of the Port Authority jurisdiction. Further to discussions with the City, the Applicant provided a traffic memo in 2019, available on our website, which concluded the site will not trigger the need for a southbound left-hand turn lane from Derwent Way onto Salter Street. A subsequent traffic memo in 2021, available on our website, confirmed there would be limited occurrences where trucks are unable to access the site due to train crossings, especially as the rail crossing is primarily active at night, when the site is not operating.
		The Applicant outlined measures to encourage the use of designated truck routes, e.g., banning non-compliant haulers, and added it would continue communication with the municipality's traffic enforcement officials to help monitor compliance with preferred truck routes.
Monitoring of daily limit of trucks at the facility.	None required.	The Applicant indicated the proposed facility would have a truck manifest, and that all loads would be pre-approved based on the daily volume limits. Design does not accommodate more than 60 trucks per day.
Possible increase in marine traffic	None required.	Practices and procedures at the Port of Vancouver, pursuant to the <i>Canada Marine Act</i> ,

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and disruptions to other Fraser River users such as kayakers, the nearby marina operator, float home residents, and smaller river vessels.	Mitigations and Permit Conditions	are designed to promote safe and efficient navigation within the local waters of the port. These apply to all vessels in the port, including pleasure craft, recreational vessels, and other users of the port, e.g., tenants. The Port Authority regularly reminds boaters to stay safe, keep clear of port operations and commercial activity areas, including the Fraser River, and reference the safe boating guide. Float homes are located west of Derwent Way and are not anticipated to be impacted by the Project. Any new barges would keep to existing navigational channels and are expected to follow safe boating procedures.
Theme: noise Cumulative impacts of noise from operations at the new facility, in addition to existing noise levels, e.g. trains, vehicle traffic.	Condition No. 68 requires the Permit Holder to submit a noise monitoring plan upon completion of the Project, and conduct monitoring to assess the noise levels within the surrounding community and determine the relative contribution from the facility. Condition No. 71 requires the Permit Holder to adhere to specifications for the noise barrier along the western edge of the facility are met.	The Applicant outlined design features to reduce noise levels during operation, e.g., sound barrier along the western boundary of the property, and restrictions on unnecessary engine idling. The Applicant completed a TIS which concluded that the expected numbers of trucks per day, including during peak hours, would not significantly increase noise over current levels. The Applicant would discuss potential noise issues with the community as part of a future liaison committee, if a permit is issued. The Applicant's Noise Assessment Screening Worksheet (2017), available on our website, includes information on anticipated noise.
Concerns about possible noise from vibrations and machinery on site, during construction and operation.	Condition No. 37 requires the permit holder to complete the Project in accordance with the CEMP. The CEMP details noise mitigation measures. Condition Nos. 19 and 20 relate to construction communication. The Permit Holder is required to inform the community of anticipated construction impacts and mitigations, including noise. Condition No. 32 relates to construction hours. The Permit Holder will adhere to the Port Authority's standard construction hours: Monday to Saturday, 7:00 am to 8:00 pm. No work will be permitted on Sundays or on statutory holidays. Condition No. 68 requires the Permit Holder submit a noise monitoring plan	The Applicant's geotechnical report, available on our website, concluded that the soils underneath the site are predominantly consolidated soils, and that no noticeable noise or vibrations are anticipated from soil being deposited within the storage area. The Applicant would undertake subsurface consolidation during site preparation, and implement mitigations, e.g., the soil storage would be covered, machinery on site would be minimized, and a sound barrier would be installed along the western boundary. If a permit is issued, the Permit Holder would monitor potential noise with the help of a future community liaison committee.

Issue	Mitigations and Permit Conditions	Rationale
	upon completion of the Project, and conduct monitoring to assess the noise levels within the surrounding community and determine the relative contribution from the facility.	
	Condition No. 71 requires the Permit Holder adhere to specifications for the noise barrier along the western edge of the facility are met.	
	gagement and Indigenous and stakehol	
Adequacy of the Applicant's public engagement approach and future commitment to ongoing communication.	Condition No. 19 requires that the Permit Holder submit a draft construction communications plan, and draft operations communication plan, detailing how the community will be informed and updated prior to and during construction, as well as throughout operations, along with a draft construction notification, and construction sign. Condition No. 20 requires that the Permit Holder distributes an approved construction notification 10 business days prior to the start of construction, and install the approved construction sign within the same timeline.	While there were some comments commending the Applicant's public engagement efforts, there were significant concerns that the first public engagement period did not provide sufficient time (15 business days) nor notice (via mail-out) for public input. The public asked for a widely advertised public meeting, conducive to dialogue, and that the Port Authority's decision maker be in attendance. In response, the Port Authority required the Applicant to conduct a second public engagement period. The Applicant planned two in-person sessions for late March 2020 and a public notice was distributed. Members of the public questioned the safety of the meeting given the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic, and some asked for broader engagement. By the time the Applicant
	Condition No. 34 requires that the Permit Holder notifies the port authority of complaints received during constriction and throughout operations, indicating how the Permit Holder has responded to such complaints.	and the Port Authority had deemed it necessary to cancel the sessions (March 13, 2020), the notices were already in circulation. The Applicant took down their registration page and posted a note on their website. The Port Authority posted a note on March 16, 2020. The Port Authority reiterated that a meaningful engagement process needed to precede permit decision. The Applicant was asked to update and adapt the public engagement plan to a digital format, and outline notification methods
		and engagement opportunities. The second engagement period was held between May 29 and July 7, 2020, during which the Applicant held two digital public engagement sessions. There were some concerns about notification and timeline for input (extended to 25 business
		days). The Port Authority explained public engagement requirements for Applicants undergoing a category C PER review, and reminded the public that audio recordings of the sessions, an online survey, and a summary and considerations report would be available on the Applicant's website.

Issue	Mitigations and Permit Conditions	Rationale
		The Applicant has indicated their commitment to explore the development of a community liaison committee to discuss public concerns during construction and operation, if a permit is issued.
Consultation with the City of New Westminster	None required.	The Port Authority explained that formal engagement activities with stakeholder groups, including the City of New Westminster, are part of the PER process. City staff interested in reviewing public feedback received during the public engagement periods were encouraged to review the summary of public engagement and considerations reports.
Consultation with Indigenous groups	None required.	During the second public engagement period there was a question about which Indigenous groups had been consulted. The Port Authority followed up to confirm that consultation with Indigenous groups that have asserted or treaty rights in the application area is part of the PER process.
Theme: miscellan		
Aesthetics of the proposed facility.	None required.	The Applicant indicated the facility would be covered and be placed below grade. Visual buffers on the western perimeter of the site would include soil berms, lock block walls and fence, shrubs, and trees.
Short and long-term environmental impacts and/or benefits of the proposed facility.	Condition No. 37 requires the permit holder to complete the Project in accordance with the CEMP.	The Applicant outlined the guidelines under which environmental impacts from the facility would be regulated, and explained how the facility would help deal with illegal dumping.
Impacts to the dyke reserve and infrastructure on riparian area.	None required.	The design for the facility was modified on July 18, 2019 to ensure that no infrastructure is on the dyke. The Applicant confirmed there would be minimal work or impact on the riparian area.
Possible effects on wildlife and wildlife habitat during construction and operations, including concerns about the loss of Fraser River wetlands, and risk of invasive species.	Condition No. 37 requires the permit holder to complete the Project in accordance with the CEMP and the Vegetation Plan. The CEMP details additional measures for wildlife and vegetation protection management, as well as best management practices. Subsequent updates to the CEMP must be approved by the Port Authority. Condition No. 63 requires the Permit Holder engages a qualified environmental professional to monitor the Project when works are underway.	The Applicant completed studies and plans, available on our website, that include measures for wildlife and vegetation protection during construction. These include a Biophysical Assessment and Vegetation Plan (2019), a CEMP (2019); including management plans for in-water construction, a Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (2019), and a Contingency and Spill Response Plan (2019). The Applicant has also implemented changes to have a lower impact facility design, such as using a conveyor as opposed to a barge dock and loading ramp. The Applicant explained that any invasive species would be handled in accordance with provincial best practices.

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Issue	Mitigations and Permit Conditions	Rationale
		If a permit is issued, the Permit Holder will plant trees adjacent to the barge conveyor to offset tree and vegetation removal during site preparation. During short-term pile installation for the barge conveyor, the Permit Holder will conduct activities within the least risk window for the Fraser River Estuary, and will follow best practices for pile driving.
		The Applicant will also conduct a pre-clearance survey 72 hours prior to vegetation clearing, and avoid soil clearing during bird nesting season.
Misalignment of the Project with the needs of the growing residential Queensborough	None required.	The public shared concerns about the proximity between growing residential communities in Queensborough and the proposed project site. In particular, some residents mentioned developers were marketing the area to include light industrial uses and forthcoming amenities.
community.		The Port Authority explained municipal governments are responsible for managing and zoning their lands, and that much of the land intended for industrial activities is being converted to other uses, such as residential and commercial.
		The site for the proposed facility is designated for industrial use under the Port Authority land use plan.
		The Applicant expressed their commitment to explore the development of a community liaison committee to discuss public concerns during construction and operation, if a permit is issued.
Confusion over the scope and location of the Project	None required.	Between 2018 and 2019, there was some confusion over whether the gravel and equipment storage facility at 404a Salter Street was part of the proposed Project scope. Site preparation works once the lease was approved alarmed nearby residents at 320 Salter Street and the Port Royal community. In spring 2019, a community-led petition and online survey showed opposition to the Project, but was centered on the gravel and storage facility.
		The Applicant and the Port Authority clarified the gravel and storage facility was not part of the Project scope, and that a separate public engagement period and consultation summary report were undertaken. This facility is already in service and operates independently from the Project. Project-specific concerns raised in the community-led online survey were addressed in the second public engagement period for the Project.

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Issue	Mitigations and Permit Conditions	Rationale
Port Authority support for projects or amenities in Queensborough,	None required.	The Port Authority explained the site for the proposed facility has an industrial Port Authority land use designation. Recreational uses at this site, e.g., public access to the water, do not conform to the industrial designation.
e.g., a facility design that enables access near the water, and a new		The Port Authority also provided more information about the Port Authority Community Investment program application process and criteria, available online.
walkway and park in the south bank on the North Arm of the Fraser River.		In response to questions about new walkways and parks along dyke right of ways on the south bank on the North Arm of the Fraser River, the Port Authority explained the municipality is the dyking authority. Any development would require ensuring the dykes are unencumbered, but would be at the discretion of the City of New Westminster.
Subjectivity of the Port Authority review process when defining what constitutes 'significant impacts'.	None required.	The Port Authority followed up to explain the definition of environmental effects taken into account is outlined in section 5 of Canadian Environmental Assessment Act (CEAA): https://laws-lois.justice.gc.ca/eng/acts/c-15.21/page-2.html .
impacts.		As the review for this Project commenced prior to the <i>Impact Assessment Act</i> coming into force in August 2019, the review is being considered under CEAA.
Possible conflict of interest between the Port Authority and the Applicant, and between the Port Authority and the City of New Westminster	None required.	There were concerns with respect to the Port Authority receiving revenue from leasing the land for the proposed facility, and with the municipality and the Port Authority having a financial relationship due to some municipal infrastructure being within the Port Authority right of way –making residents feel they have no say in the process, and that the City may not be free to advocate on behalf of residents.
		We use our PER process to fulfill our federal responsibilities under the <i>Canada Marine Act</i> and relevant legislation, and to review all potential effects on federal land and waters, and neighbouring communities before determining if a project should proceed.
		Any proposed project on lands or waters within the Port Authority's jurisdiction cannot begin work unless a permit has been issued. Before making a decision, the Port Authority takes into consideration the input from the public, Indigenous groups, and stakeholders, and the Applicant's considerations based on that input.

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Issue	Mitigations and Permit Conditions	Rationale
		More information on the PER process is
		available on our website:
		www.portvancouver.com/permitting-and-
		reviews/per/.

The Port Authority has reviewed the record of public engagement, and provided that the mitigation measures and conditions outlined in the table above are included in the Permit, is of the view that the Project has adequately addressed the concerns raised during public engagement.

The proposed Project was assessed by the Port Authority to have potential impacts to community interests in the surrounding area during construction and upon completion. These include potential impacts such as noise, traffic and dust.

As a result, the Permit Holder is required to send a construction notification to adjacent residents and businesses in New Westminster and Delta, as shown in the map below. The notification area is within approximately 1 kilometre from the project site. The construction notification shall be distributed by the Permit Holder at least 10 business days prior to the start of the works. The construction notification will be posted on the Port Authority and the Permit Holder websites. The Permit Holder is also required to install construction signage in a mutually agreed location at least 10 business days prior to the start of works. These requirements are set out in condition Nos. 19 and 20 in the project permit.

Map of notification area:



6 INDIGENOUS CONSULTATION

The Port Authority reviewed the proposed works and determined that the project may have the potential to adversely impact Aboriginal or Treaty rights.

The following Indigenous groups were consulted:

- Cowichan Tribes;
- Halalt First Nation:
- Katzie First Nation
- Kwantlen First Nation:
- Kwikwetlem First Nation;
- Lake Cowichan First Nation;
- Lyackson First Nation;
- Musqueam Indian Band;
- Penelakut Tribes:
- Semiahmoo First Nation
- Squamish Nation;
- Tsawwassen First Nation;
- Tsleil-Waututh Nation; and,
- Sto:lo Nations, via People of the River Referrals Office (PRRO).

Through the PRRO, Matsqui First Nation was also consulted.

The following consultation activities were conducted:

- On January 22, 2018, the port authority sent a referral letter to Indigenous groups. The correspondence
 included access to management plans, site plans, maps, an Archaeological Overview Assessment and
 other materials submitted as part of the project permit application. All project information was available for
 download on the port authority website.
- On June 5, 2018, the port authority emailed Indigenous groups to advise that the proposed project had been placed on hold.
- On June 5, 2020, the port authority contacted Indigenous groups regarding the proposed project application. The port authority noted that the application had been on and off hold several times and summarized consultation activities to date. Project updates were also shared and the port authority requested any additional questions or comments be provided by July 15, 2020. The port authority offered to meet virtually with Indigenous groups to discuss the proposed project.

During the technical review period, the port authority received comments, concerns, and interests regarding the proposed project. Below is a table summarizing key comments and concerns received from Indigenous groups and how they were considered as part of the Project and Environmental Review.

Issue	Mitigations and Permit Conditions	Rationale
Concern regarding potential impacts to archaeological resources.	The proposed project is not expected to adversely impact archaeological resources.	The site is subject to historic fill dating between 1974 and 1979. The fill appears to be comprised of sand material, possibly sourced from dredging of the Fraser River. The soil conditions in the general area of the project site are anticipated to consist of Fraser River Sediments comprised of overbank silty to silty clay loam normally up to 2 m thick overlying deltaic channel fill consisting of sandy to

		silt loam, underlain by 10 m to 40 m thick interbedded fine to medium sand and minor silt beds. This stratigraphy does not include the fill material placed in the recent decades near the shoreline.
Concern regarding lack of noise assessment, light assessment and traffic assessment.	Condition No. 68 will require the Permit Holder submit a noise monitoring plan, for approval by the port authority, to assess the impact to noise levels within the surrounding community. Condition No. 71 requires the Permit Holder adhere to specifications for the noise barrier along the western edge of the facility are met.	The lights installed as part of the Project will be energy efficient LED flood lights, focused to illuminate the working area and minimize stray light. Lights will be directed away from the water and kept as low as possible to reduce light pollution to adjacent properties, as shown on the Site Plan, drawing No. 03082-04. Vegetation along the shoreline will be retained, where possible, and will further reduce light impacts to the River.
Concern regarding impacts to Sturgeon. Recommend a Sturgeon presence-absence study using an instant imaging system such as sidescanning sonar with and without pile driving noise (or other potentially harmful noise sources during construction).	Condition No. 37 requires the Permit Holder to complete the Project in accordance with the CEMP. The CEMP describes mitigation measures to reduce impact to fish. Condition No. 63 will also require the Permit Holder to engage a qualified environmental professional to monitor that the works are carried out in compliance with the Permit.	Proposed mitigations, described in Section 3.1 of the CEMP, include: • No in-water works will take place outside of the recommended least risk window, as defined by DFO • Piles will be driven using vibratory techniques. Bubble curtains will be implemented, where required, to reduce impact pressure. Given the scope of in-water works and with mitigation in place, the project is not expected to adversely impact sturgeon through underwater noise or direct physical effects.
Planting guides should be done in conjunction with First Nations, and criteria should include cultural values. Also, native plant species should be selected for planting; and Invasive Species Assessment requires a long term monitoring plan.	Condition No. 37 requires the Permit Holder to complete the Project in accordance with the CEMP. The CEMP outlines a Vegetation Management Plan. Condition No. 49 requires the Permit Holder to manage invasive plants in a manner that prevents spread. Condition No. 67 will require the Permit Holder to conduct an annual assessment of planted vegetation to ensure sufficient survival rate.	The Applicant's revised replanting plan outlines the use of only native species with the exception of the use of Swedish columnar aspen. The applicant proposes to plant Swedish columnar aspen along the western edge of the property to act as a landscape and noise barrier. This species is not considered native, however is same genus as black cottonwood already growing at the site. Although Swedish columnar aspen is not native, it is considered a non-aggressive species. The applicant will be required to manage invasive species appropriately.
Eulachon, sturgeon (including white sturgeon) and other fish as well, are important to	Condition No. 37 requires the Permit Holder to complete the Project in accordance with the CEMP. The	The port authority understands that fish species such as eulachon and sturgeon are important to Indigenous groups. No in-water works will take place outside of

Indigenous groups.	CEMP describes mitigation measures to reduce impact to fish.	the recommended least risk window, as defined by DFO.
	Condition No. 39 requires the Permit Holder not to conduct work within the fisheries sensitive period.	
	Condition No. 42 will require the Permit Holder to cease work should fish or fish habitat be harmed.	
	Condition No. 63 will require the Permit Holder to engage a qualified environmental professional to monitor that the works are carried out in compliance with the Permit.	
Recommendation for environmental monitoring.	Condition No. 63 will require the Permit Holder to engage a qualified environmental professional to monitor that the works are carried out in compliance with the Permit.	The port authority will require an environmental monitor be present for the project.

The Port Authority has made a meaningful effort to consult with all potentially affected Indigenous groups. Based on the record of consultation, the Port Authority is of the view that the duty to consult has been met.

ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW

To fulfill its responsibilities under the Canada Marine Act and the Canadian Environmental Assessment Act, the Port Authority must make a determination on the potential environmental effects of a proposed project on the Port Authority managed lands and waters prior to authorizing those works to proceed. To make that determination, the Port Authority considers the residual adverse effects of the Project, that is, the effects after mitigation measures have been taken into account.

This section of the project and environmental review report summarizes the environmental effects review conducted for the Project, and provides the environmental effects decision. The environmental review also considered the information provided in the previous sections of this report.

7.1 Scope of Environmental Review

The environmental review includes consideration of the potential environmental effects of the proposed Project, taking into account mitigation measures to avoid or reduce those effects. This review considered the Project components and physical activities described in Section 2.

The temporal scope of the review includes Project construction, and operations up to the anticipated average annual facility throughput of about 213,000 tonnes of soil per year.

The environmental review considered potential adverse environmental and social effects of the Project on 14 environmental components (e.g., species with special status, aquatic species and their habitat, recreational interests, etc.) and from accidents and malfunctions. These environmental components are aspects of the biophysical and socio-economic environment considered to have ecological, economic, social, cultural, archaeological, or historical importance.

The environmental components assessed by the Port Authority are presented in Section 7.2 and include the environmental effects listed in section 5(1) and 5(2) of CEAA 2012. Section 7.2 summarizes the results of the environmental review.

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7.2 Summary of Follow-up and Monitoring Programs

Follow-up programs will be completed by Summit Earthworks Inc. to confirm the effectiveness of the environmental mitigation measures during operations. These include follow-up programs for:

- · Noise monitoring
- Air Emissions Management Plan
- Stormwater monitoring

To confirm the effectiveness of the noise mitigation measures, the Port Authority requires that post operation noise monitoring is conducted to quantify noise levels within the surrounding community. This is described in condition No. 68 in the Permit.

An air emission management plan is required by the Applicant to assist with the management of emissions to the air associated with operations occurring on Port lands and waters. This is described in condition No. 65 in the Permit.

An annual assessment of planted vegetation is required post planting to ensure that planted vegetation meets survival thresholds. This is described in condition No. 67 in the Permit.

Weekly onsite stormwater inspections will be conducted and documented by the Applicant and will include inspection of stormwater infrastructure, implementation of BMPs and water quality of treated discharge water. Stormwater collected in storage and treatment tanks will be monitored and tested prior to discharge into the infiltration gallery. Analytical tests will be based on specific soil characteristics of stored soil and may typically include heavy metals, hydrocarbons and pH. Stormwater inspection documentation and analytical data will be provided to the Port Authority for the first year of operations. This is described in condition No. 66 in the Permit.

7.3 Environmental Effects Summary

The following table summarizes the potential environmental effects the project could have on the identified environmental components.

Environmental Component	Potential Adverse Effects?		Overview of Potential Adverse Effects, Mitigation Measures, and Residual Adverse Effects		Significant Residual Adverse Effects?	
	Yes	No		Yes	No	
Air quality Assessed as required under subsection 5(1) and 5(2) of CEAA 2012			There is potential for adverse effects on air quality during construction and operations. An air quality assessment was conducted to estimate air pollutant emissions associated with the operation, including marine emissions, waste soil handling and wind erosion from the soil stockpiles. The project may result in emissions of particulate matter, volatile organic compounds, sulfur dioxide, nitrous oxide, and carbon monoxide. Design measures have been implemented to mitigate air emissions during operations, specifically, to reduce fugitive dust from wind erosion and entrainment of particulate matter into the air from the soil stockpiles. The soil will be stockpiled in a belowgrade storage area, surrounded by lock block walls, and a roof. The vegetative barrier along the property boundary will also mitigate fugitive dust			

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		from moving offsite. During construction activities	
		excavated soils will be covered with a polyethylene sheet to reduce fugitive dust transfer.	
		There is potential for air emissions (i.e., greenhouse gas and particulate matter) during construction from vehicle operation and soil transfer work. Mitigation measures to reduce the potential for adverse effects will be implemented as detailed in the CEMP. This includes an idling reduction strategy, and dust management strategy (e.g., covering haul trucks prior to leaving site, sweeping or washing vehicles before leaving site using a wheel wash, and watering bare soil if there is insufficient rain for seven days). In addition, an Air Emissions Management Plan addressing operations shall be prepared by the Applicant. These mitigation measures are reflected in condition Nos. 37, 60, 61, 64, 65 and 69 in the Permit.	
L'abda a		air quality are expected to be not significant.	
Lighting	-	There will be exterior lights installed as part of the project. The lights will be energy efficient LED flood lights, focused to illuminate the working area and minimize stray light.	
		Residual adverse effects due to lighting are expected to be not significant.	
Assessed as required under subsection 5(1) and 5(2) of CEAA 2012		There is potential for adverse effects on noise during construction and operations. Operational noise is anticipated from loading/unloading soil via truck and using other equipment on site. The soil transfer facility has been designed to minimize noise impacts on the community. A 2.5 m	
		high noise barrier wall will be installed on the southwest property boundary. The noise barrier wall will extend approximately 70 m from the south corner of the property, but will not extend the full length of the property due to railway sight line requirements. Trees will be planted in a 3.0 m wide zone directly along the noise barrier wall to provide a secondary noise barrier. In addition, the soil	
		storage area will be 1.5 m below grade, with lock block walls that extend from the bottom to 2.25 m above the existing grade which will provide a noise barrier. The storage area will be covered with a premanufactured roof structure supported on the lock block wall to further minimize noise. The noise barrier wall and contained soil storage area were designed to mitigate operational noise on the site.	
		During construction activities, the CEMP identifies measures to mitigate construction related noise	

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	(e.g., using well maintained equipment). Project work hours are planned to be between 7:00 am and 8:00 pm. In addition, adjacent residents will be kept informed of any particularly noisy periods during construction and advised of mitigations, and a public relations contact will be available to respond and address concerns at all times. These mitigation measures are reflected in condition Nos. 32, 37, 64, 68 and 71 in the Permit. With the implementation of mitigation measures, the residual adverse effect from noise is expected	
	·	
Soils	to be not significant. The waste soil that will be transferred through this site will exceed industrial land use standards, and will be below hazardous waste standards. All applicable contaminated sites regulations will be adhered to during operations. Through operational activity, there is potential for adverse effects on soil quality at the site from the temporary storage and transfer of contaminated soil. The project has been designed to mitigate effects on soil quality through the installation of a geomembrane liner underneath 100 mm thick asphalt upon which the waste soil will be stored. The geomembrane liner will extend under the full width of the storage access road containing the wheel wash station and up through the lock block retaining wall. Monitoring wells will be installed around the waste soil storage area and periodically sampled to ensure integrity of the liner. Key mitigation measures identified in the Contingency and Spill Response Plan will be implemented	
	during operations. There is potential adverse effects to soils onsite during operations through infiltration of stormwater. The site has been designed to mitigate the effects of stormwater that has come in contact with waste soils stored onsite. The site will be paved along the access corridor, soil storage area and wheel wash area and the soil storage area will be covered. Stormwater from the site will be directed from paved areas through storm drains, sump systems and swales into two 5,000 gallon storage tanks designed for a 1-in-25 year storm event with additional capacity for wheel washing. Stormwater will be directed from storage tanks into the onsite treatment system which includes solids settling, polymer-based flocculent injection, sand filtration and a granular activated carbon filter. Effluent water will be tested prior to discharge into the infiltration gallery. The infiltration gallery (approximately 4.5 m x 47 m) consists of perforated PVC pipes	

			embedded in 50 mm drain rock to distribute the flow	
			of treated stormwater and allow it to percolate into	
			native soils, along the northern and southern edges	
			of the waste soil storage area. Mitigation measures	
			to reduce the potential for adverse effects to soils	
			will be implemented as detailed in the Construction	
			Environmental Management Plan, and the	
			Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan.	
			During construction of the facility, if soils suspected	
			to be contaminated are encountered, they will be	
			temporarily stockpiled, covered with a polyethylene	
			sheet and sampled. If contamination is present, soil	
			will be disposed of at an appropriate disposal	
			facility. Key mitigation measures identified in the	
			CEMP will be implemented to reduce potential	
			adverse effects when handling excavated soil.	
			adverse chects when handling excavated soil.	
			These mitigation measures are reflected in	
			condition Nos. 37, 53, 54, and 56 in the Permit.	
			Condition 1403. 37, 33, 34, and 30 in the Fermit.	
			With mitigation in place, residual adverse effects on	
			soils are expected to be not significant.	
Sediments			The project has the potential to adversely affect	
Sediments	_		sediments as there is potential of soil being spilled	_
Assessed as required				
Assessed as required			during the barge transfer operation.	
under subsection 5(1)			Codiment quality issues will be mitigated as for	
and 5(2) of CEAA 2012			Sediment quality issues will be mitigated as for	
On a second second		_	"surface water and water bodies", described below.	
Groundwater		_	During operations, there is potential for adverse	
			effects on groundwater quality through the handling	
			of waste soils and the infiltration of stormwater.	
			The soil storage area will be lined with a	
			geomembrane that will extend under the full width	
			of the storage excess road containing the wheel	
			wash station and up through the lock block	
			retaining wall. Monitoring wells will be installed	
			around the soil storage area and periodically	
			sampled to ensure integrity of the liner.	
			The site will be paved along the access corridor,	
			soil storage area and wheel wash area. Stormwater	
			from the site will be directed from paved areas	
			through storm drains, sump systems and swales	
			into two 5,000 gallon storage tanks designed for a	
			1-in-25 year storm event with additional capacity for	
			wheel washing. Stormwater will be directed from	
			storage tanks into the onsite treatment system	
			which includes solids settling, polymer-based	
			flocculent injection, sand filtration and a granular	
			activated carbon filter. Effluent water will be tested	
			prior to discharge into the infiltration gallery. The	
			infiltration gallery (approximately 4.5 m x 47 m)	
			consists of perforated PVC pipes embedded in 50	
1	1		mm drain rock to distribute the flow of treated	

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	stormwater and allow it to percolate into native soils.	
	During construction of the facility, there is the low likelihood of adverse effects on groundwater quality during soil excavation as groundwater was encountered between 5 and 6 meters below grade, and the maximum anticipated depth of excavation is approximately 2.5 meters. The construction works are not anticipated to encounter groundwater. Should groundwater being encountered, no dewatering can occur without prior to approval from the Port Authority.	
	With mitigation measures in place, residual adverse effects on groundwater quality are expected to be not significant.	
Surface water and water bodies Assessed as required under subsection 5(1) and 5(2) of CEAA 2012		
	barge loading operations a telescoping loading spout will be in-place at the head of the conveyor to	

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	 	T T
	direct soils onto the barge at minimal height. The conveyor system consists of a stainless steel cover and spill tray to prevent spillage of soils during conveyor movement. Conveyor systems and spill trays will be cleaned and maintained on a regular schedule. The conveyor system and spill tray will be cleaned by vacuum and cleaning jets with a collection tank installed to collect cleaning water. Barges will have solid hull construction and will be side sealed for containment of soil and run-off water that may be generated during rainfall while soil is transferred by barge. Typical side sealing consists of the use of bin walls or using geo-membrane lined concrete block perimeters. A sump pump will be available on the barge to remove any water accumulation, and water will be treated at an upland facility. Barges will not be loaded or transit during extreme weather or river conditions, such as the annual spring freshet in the Fraser River. These mitigation measures are reflected in condition Nos. 37, 38, and 50 in the Permit. With mitigation measures in place, residual adverse effects on surface water bodies (i.e., Fraser River)	
On a sing //b a b id ad a side	are expected to be not significant.	
Species/habitat with special status	The project is not expected to affect species, or habitats, with special status.	
	There have been documented occurrences of white sturgeon downstream of the proposed barge ramp. White sturgeon has been categorized as threatened by the Committee on the Status of Endangered Wildlife in Canada (COSEWIC). With mitigation measures in place for surface water and sediment, there is no anticipated residual effect on species with special status.	
Terrestrial resources	The project will result in the permanent removal of	
(e.g., vegetation, wildlife, etc.)	vegetation, including approximately 90 mature trees and understory vegetation. The existing vegetation	
Wilding, Gto.)	includes: red alder, pacific ninebark, willow species,	
Assessed as required	black cottonwood, big leaf maple, sword fern,	
under subsection 5(1)	hawthorn, horsetail, snowberry and fireweed. There	
and 5(2) of CEAA 2012	are some invasive species on site, including scotch	
	broom and blackberry.	
Assessed under section	Mitigation magazina will be implemented to an disc	
79 of the Species at Risk Act, as applicable	Mitigation measures will be implemented to reduce potential adverse effects, including retaining trees	
Mor Act, as applicable	within 10 meters of the Fraser River (except in the	
	footprint of the barge ramp), and re-planting the	
	eastern side of the site with approximately 50	
	Swedish columnar aspen and several native shrubs	
	(baldhip rose, black hawthorn, common snowberry,	
	hardhack, oceanspray, pacific ninebark, red	

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	elderberry, red-osier dogwood, Saskatoon and sword fern). Disturbed and exposed soil could promote the spread of invasive plants. Mitigation measures to reduce potential adverse effects include: revegetating exposed soil with fast, growing native species, adhering to the species-specific control measures identified, monitoring monthly for invasive species, verifying fill material is not contaminated with invasive seeds, and appropriately disposing of existing invasive species. With mitigation in place, residual adverse effects on vegetation is not expected to be significant. There is potential for birds to nest in the vegetation being removed. During the biophysical assessment, no nesting birds were detected. Mitigation measures will be implemented to reduce potential adverse effects on wildlife. To reduce the risk of Project-related harm to birds and/or their nests and eggs, vegetation clearing will be avoided between April 1 and July 31 during the bird nesting season. If vegetation is cleared during the aforementioned timeframe, a Qualified Environmental Professional will complete a pre-clearance nest survey within one week of the vegetation clearing. These mitigation measures are reflected in condition Nos. 23, 33, 37, 48, 49, 60 and 67 in the	
	Permit. With mitigation in place, residual adverse effects on terrestrial resources is not expected to be	
Wetlands	significant. The Project is not expected to affect wetland resources because there are no wetlands located	
	near the vicinity of the Project.	
Aquatic resources (e.g., aquatic plants, fish and fish habitat, waterbirds, marine mammals, etc.)	There is potential for adverse effects on aquatic resources from in-water works and barge loading activities. Fish, invertebrates, plants, waterbirds, and marine mammals use the marine habitats near the Project site.	
Assessed as required under subsection 5(1) of CEAA 2012	As part of the project, in-water works will include installation of four barge mooring dolphins each comprised of a vertical 914 mm steel pipe pile and two 610 mm steel batter piles. A conveyor truss	
Assessed under section 79 of the Species at Risk Act, as applicable	support will be installed and consist of two 306 mm diameter steel pipe piles each with one 254 mm diameter steel pile batter. All piles will be driven by vibratory hammer to minimize impact noise to aquatic animals. Mitigation measures to reduce potential adverse effects on aquatic resources are identified in the CEMP and include driving piles by vibratory hammer to minimize impact noise to	

	aquatic animals, and conducting pile driving in the least risk to fish window. Potential for adverse effects to aquatic resources from barge loading activities are assessed as under "surface water and water bodies", described above. The existing shoreline has been assessed as low productivity habitat and has minimal vegetation, limited to sedde rush and reed capary grass. An	
	limited to sedge, rush and reed canary grass. An existing upland ditch will be in-filled during the work. The biophysical assessment identified the ditch to be dry and not aquatic habitat. These mitigation measures are reflected in condition Nos. 37, 38, 39, 40 and 41 in the Permit.	
Archaeological,	With mitigation in place, residual adverse effects on aquatic resources is not expected to be significant. The proposed works are not anticipated to affect	
physical, and cultural heritage resources	archaeological, physical, and cultural heritage resources.	-
Assessed as required under subsection 5(1) and 5(2) of CEAA 2012		
Health and socio- economic conditions Assessed as required under subsection 5(1)	Based on the low magnitude of residual effects on air and noise, the Project is not expected to cause adverse effects on health of people, including Indigenous People.	
and 5(2) of CEAA 2012	During the public and Indigenous consultation process we received some feedback and comments related to air quality, noise, and human health concerns. A detailed summary of issued raised during consultation is provided in Section 5 and 6.	
Accidents and malfunctions Assessed as required by	There is potential for adverse effects on surface water, aquatic resources, soils, and groundwater from spills or accidental equipment leaks or malfunctions. Mitigation measures will be in place	
the Canada Marine Act	to reduce potential for adverse, project-related effects due to accidents, by implementing the measures outlined in the Spill Contingency Plan (for operational activity) and the CEMP (for construction-related activity). These mitigation measures are reflected in condition Nos. 33 and 37 in the Permit.	
	With mitigation in place, the residual adverse effect, if it occurs, is expected to be not significant.	

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Residual adverse effects (i.e., effects that remain with mitigation in place) were identified for the following environmental components: air quality, noise, light, soil, groundwater, surface water and water bodies, terrestrial resources and aquatic resources.

Overall, the residual adverse effects of the project on these environmental components are characterized as:

- Medium in magnitude due to impacts on air, noise and surface water during operations. The highest
 magnitude effect will be from increases to air emissions and noise generated during operation and from
 generation and management of stormwater and soils onsite.
- Local in geographic extent because adverse environmental effects will be limited to the Project site, however some regional effects may occur during barge transport of soil from New Westminster to Mission.
- Long-term in duration because the Project will likely be in operation for multiple years and would result in ongoing operation effects on air quality, noise, light, soil, groundwater, surface water, terrestrial resources and aquatic resources.
- Continuous in frequency during construction and operations because air, noise and stormwater emissions will occur throughout the life of the project.
- Reversible because residual adverse effects of the Project would be reversible once the Project is decommissioned.

In conclusion, based on the characterization above, the mitigation measures proposed by the Applicant and the permit conditions, the residual adverse effects from the Project are predicted to be not significant.

7.4 Environmental Review Decision

In completing the project and environmental effects review, the Port Authority has reviewed and taken into account relevant information available on the proposed project and has considered any adverse impact that the project may have on the rights of indigenous peoples, Indigenous knowledge, community knowledge, comments received from the public, and measures that would mitigate any significant adverse environmental effects of the project. We conclude that with the implementation of proposed mitigation measures and Permit conditions, the Project is not likely to cause significant adverse environmental effects.

LISA MCCUAIG

MANAGER, ENVIRONMENTAL PROGRAMS

April 28, 2021

DATE OF DECISION

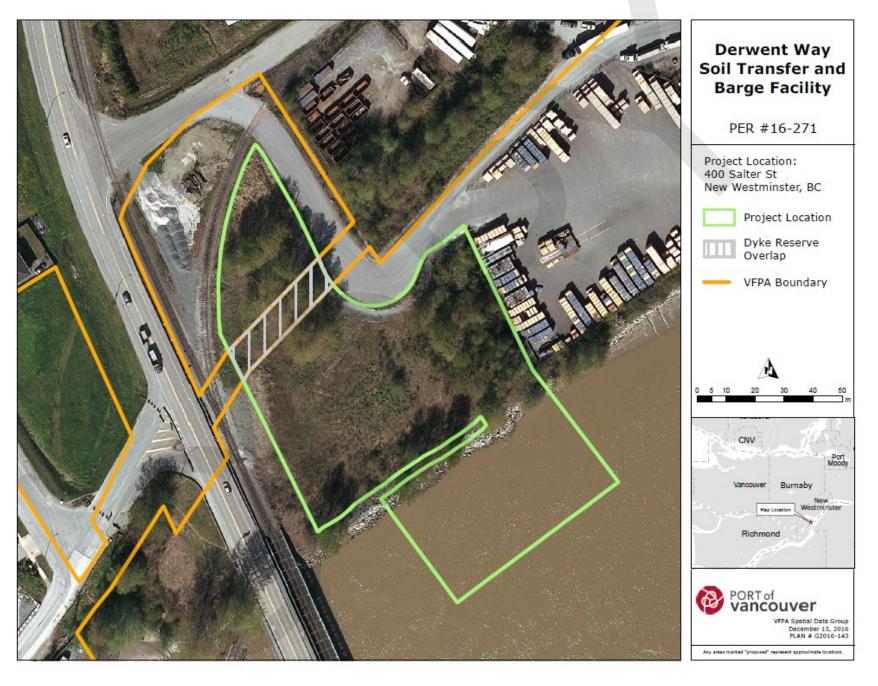
8 Conclusion

In completing the project and environmental review, the Port Authority concludes that with the implementation of proposed mitigation measures and conditions described in the Permit, the Project has appropriately addressed all identified concerns.

It is the recommendation of staff that this application be approved subject to conformance with the project and environmental conditions listed in project permit **PER No. 16-271**.



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APPENDIX B List of Information Sources

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The Port Authority has relied on the following sources of information in the project and environmental review of the Project:

- Application form and materials submitted by the Applicant on October 14, 2016 and resubmitted on July 6, 2018.
- All Project correspondence from October 14, 2016 to April 23, 2021
- All plans and drawings labelled PER No.16-271-A to J

Project Description:

- o "Summary of Project", December 18, 2019, Summit Earthworks Inc.
- Tech Memo "Marine Terminal Operations", July 24, 2018, McElhanney

Drawings:

- "Drawing package", July 18, 2019, Tetra Tech
- "Derwent Way Railway Storm Runoff Drainage Plan & Culvert Profile Drawing No. 18-12943-01", March 16, 2018, Keystone Environmental
- "Operational Loading General Arrangement Project No. 2211-70549-00 Rev. PA", July 26, 2018, McElhanney

Studies and Reports:

Traffic

- "Traffic Impact Study Revision 10", December 5, 2019, Tetra Tech
- Tech Memo "001 Derwent Way/Salter Street Southbound Left-turn Assessment", October 11, 2019, Tetra Tech
- o Tech Memo "001 Derwent Way/ Salter street Northbound Right-turn", January 25, 2021, Tetra Tech
- o "Traffic Route Plan Map", January 22, 2021, 360 Traffic Solutions
- "Site Access Route Plan", February 19, 2021, Summit Earthworks Inc.

Noise and Air Quality

- "Noise Assessment", April 12, 2017, Tetra Tech
- Tech Memo "002 Changes to Air and Noise Assessments due to Site Plan Modifications, Rev. 02", December 17, 2019
- Tech Memo "003 Responses to Port of Vancouver Memorandum Environmental Air Assessment Memo – Aug 29, 2017, Rev. 02", December 17, 2019

Environmental and Geotechnical

- "Environmental Air Assessment Revision 3", May 29, 2018, Tetra Tech
- o "Biophysical Assessment and Vegetation Plan Revision 4", July 18, 2019, Tetra Tech
- o "Construction Environmental Management Plan Revision 6", July 18, 2019, Keystone Environmental
- "Contingency and Spill Response Plan Revision 6". July 29. 2019. Keystone Environmental
- "Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan Revision 11", July 29, 2019, Keystone Environmental
- "Geotechnical Report Revision 5" July 17, 2019, Tetra Tech
- Tech Memo "001 Environmental Soil Sampling in Conjunction with Geotechnical Investigation", July 19, 2016, Tetra Tech
- Tech Memo "001_Rev1 Derwent Way Transfer Station Response to Geotechnical Comments" August 22, 2018, Tetra Tech

Archaeological

"Archeological Overview Assessment – Rev. 5", August 27, 2018, Tetra Tech

Public Engagement:

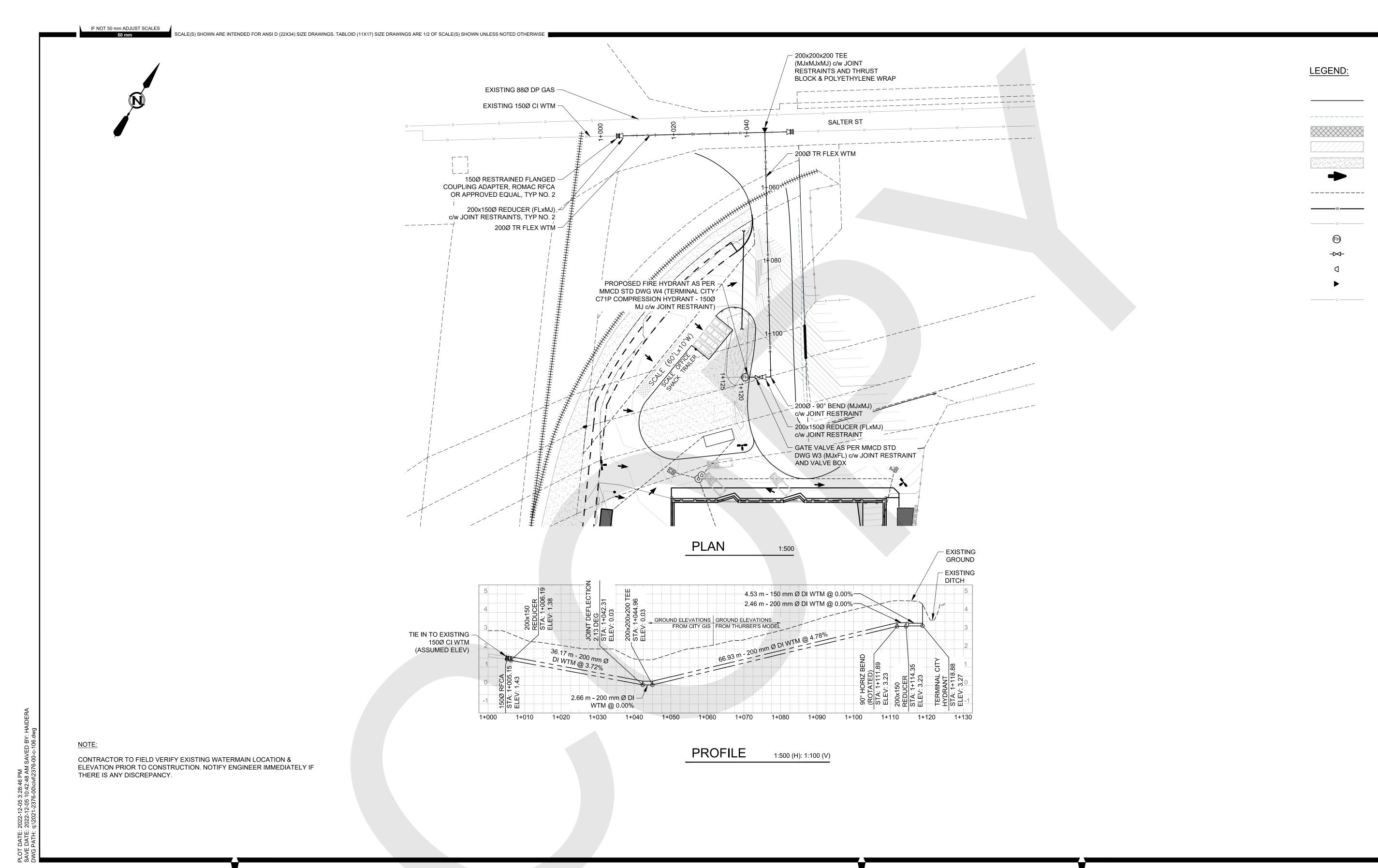
- "Public Consultation Summary and Consideration Report" April 25, 2019, Summit Earthworks Inc.
- o "Public Engagement Summary and Considerations Report", October 9, 2020, Summit Earthworks Inc.

VANCOUVER FRASER PORT AUTHORITY | Project and Environmental Review Report

• Additional Documents:

- Extract on concrete handling, July 30, 2018, FRPD Handbook
- "DFO Best Management Practices for Pile Driving and Related Operations", July 30, 2018. Fisheries and Oceans Canada
- o Extract on structural concrete, July 30, 2018, Construction Drilling Inc.







PERMIT TO PRACTICE
ASSOCIATED ENGINEERING (B.C.) LTD.
PERMIT NUMBER: 1000163
Engineers & Geoscientists BC

PRELIMINARY/
FOR DISCUSSION
NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

	2022DEC05	D. ANGGBRATA	A. HAIDER	ISSUED FOR REVIEW
REV	DATE	DESIGN	DRAWN	DESCRIPTION

SUMMIT EARTHWORKS

DERWENT WAY TRANSFER STATION LOT 3, PLAN 1308 NEW WESTMINISTER B.C. 20212376-00

SCALE: AS SHOWN

S	UMMI	T
	EARTHWORKS	

BUILDING OUTLINE

VEGETATED AREA

WASTEWATER

FIRE HYDRANT

GATE VALVE

THRUST BLOCK

GAS MAIN (EXISTING)

REDUCER

WATERMAIN (PROPOSED)

WATERMAIN (EXISTING)

OVERLAND FLOW - DRAINAGE DIRECTION

DITCH

GRAVEL

PAVED AREA

CIVIL PLAN & PROFILE WATERMAIN

DRAWING	REVISION	SHEET
2376-00-C-106	Α	

Keystone Environmental

BEST MANAGED COMPANIES

Platinum member